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THREE OLD SAWS.

If the world seems cold to you,
Kindle fires to warm it!
Let their comfort hide from view
Winters that deform it.
Hearts as frozen as your own
To that radiance gather;
You will soon forget to moan,
"Ah! the cheerless weather!"

If the world's a wilderness,
Go, build houses in it!
Will it help your loneliness
On the winds to din it?
Raise a hut, however slight;
Weeds and brambles smother;
And to roof and meal invite
Some forlorner brother.

If the world's a vale of tears,
Smile, till rainbows span it!
Breathe the love that life endears,
Clear of clouds to fan it.
Of your gladness lend a gleam
Unto souls that shiver;
Show them how dark Sorrow's stream
Blends with Hope's bright river.

Perfectly Heartless.

"Pretty? Yes, rather, but perfectly heartless!" said Mrs. Holmes to Dr. Stanley, a young and talented physician, with whom she was conversing at a large and brilliant entertainment.

"Heartless! with that sensitive mouth, and those eyes so full of expression!" said the physician, musingly.

"I don't admire her style of beauty at all. She looks like a wax doll, and her heartlessness is proverbial. Since her uncle left her so wealthy she has had suitors by the score, and flirts with every one. Why, look at her now!"

Dr. Stanley's eyes followed in the direction in which the lady waved her fan, and rested on the central figure of a group round the piano. It was a lady, young and fair, with a tall, exceedingly graceful figure, pure Greek features, and large blue eyes. Her hair was short, but the soft, full curls, made a lovely frame for a fair face. Her dress was of a dark lace; and twisted among the golden curls were deep crimson flowers, with dark green leaves, and on the snowy throat and arms glittered blood-red rubies. She was conversing gaily with a knot of gentlemen, and Dr. Stanley sauntered over to the group.

"Miss Marston," said one gentleman, "what has become of Harold Graham, the artist?"

The tiny hand swept over the ivory keys of the piano in the measure of a brilliant waltz; and another of the group, supposing Miss Marston did not hear the question said, "Out at the elbows and can't appear."

"He was wretchedly poor," said a third.

"Perhaps he has committed suicide. It is three weeks since he disappeared," said another.

"O, I hope not!" said Miss Marston; "we want his tenor in our next musical soiree. It would be too provoking for him to commit suicide!"

"Mrs. Holmes was right," thought the doctor; "she is perfectly heartless. Poor Harold!"

He turned from the piano, but stopped as a full, rich voice broke out into song. Eva Marston was singing Shubert's Last Greeting; and into the mournful words she poured such wailing energy and deep pathos, that group after group, in the large rooms, ceased their gay conversation to listen to the music.

"Can she sing so without heart or feeling?" muttered the doctor, again drawing near the piano.

"Eva," said a young lady, as the last notes of the song died away—"Eva, play a polka, won't you?"

A contemptuous smile quivered for a moment on Eva Marston's lip; then nodding good naturedly, she dashed off into a lively polka, which melted the group around the piano into merry dancers, and Dr. Stanley with the rest.

The next morning Miss Marston sat in her room, writing a letter. Let us peep over her shoulder, at one sentence:—

"All hollow, all heartless, Mariam! You blame me for flirting; you are not here to see how they follow me merely for my money; not one true heart among them all. There was one—Harold—"

A knock at the door interrupted her.

"Come in!" and a needlewoman entered with a basket of work.

"Good morning," said Eva, pleasantly, "how is Terrence this morning?"

"Oh, miss, it's beautiful he is today—sure, marm. I'm sorry ye've had to wait so long for the needlework."

"Never mind that. How could you work with the poor fellow so ill?"

"Sure, miss, it's many one expects their work, sick or well; and isn't Jerry sitting up the day playing with the toys ye sint him, and Pat, that I kept home from school, a minding him."

"How much, Mary?" said Eva, taking out her purse.

"Oh, miss, you don't owe Mary Gennis a farden. There's the dochter ye left the money to-day—and the word ye sint—and the money ye gave me last week, sure, miss, it's in your debt I am for the rest of your life."

"What I gave Terrence has nothing to do with my bill," said Eva, rapidly counting out the money.

"Miss Eva," said the poor Irish needlewoman—and then stopped.

"Well, Mary?"

"Sure, miss, you do so much good with your money, I'm ashamed to tell you—"

"Tell me what?"

"Well, miss, it's about a young gentleman that rinted my room. Ye mind where the widder died last autumn. He came a week back, miss, and he niver came down stairs for three days; so this morning I went up, and he was sick with a fever, out of his head entirely, miss. If you would come now."

"Wait, Mary; I'll go with you."

"He's dreadfully poor, I think, miss; for it's precious little furniture—nothing but a bed, and a table, and a chair, and no trunk at all, not a bit of carpet bag."

Throwing off her rich silk wrapper, Eva put on a dark grey dress and cloak, and added a close silk bonnet and thick veil.

"Come, Mary," and the two left the house together.

In a low, close room, on a pallet bed, lay Mary Gennis' lodger. The face, against the coarse ticking pillow was such as one fancies for that of his favorite poet. The hair was dark, waving over a broad, white forehead; and the deep set eyes were hazel, large and full; and the features delicate. Usually the face was pale, but now it was crimson with fever. The eyes too, fierce and wild. But, even with all this, the face was beautiful with an almost unearthly beauty. In that poor, low room, Eva, with her sombre dress and radiant beauty, came like a pitying angel. She gave one glance at the invalid's face, and then crossed in the room to his side

"Eva," said the sick man; "Eva!" drawing back. But the young man moaned her name again, and then broke forth in wild delirious ravings.

"Mary," said Eva, "send Patrick to me. I will find pencil and paper."

Mary left the room and Eva turned to the table to find paper and pencil. She wrote two hasty notes. One to her housekeeper for pillows and sheets. The other to Dr. Stanley, who did not conjecture who was the friend that sent him so much practice among the poor patients and saw the young physician was well paid.

Having dispatched Patrick with the notes, Eva tried to make the desolate room look more homelike. Lifting from the table a waistcoat, something dropped from the pocket to the floor. She picked it up. It was a small miniature case, open; and painted on the ivory was Eva Marston's face.

A smile, gentle and pitying, came on her lip.

He did love me, then—really love me—and would not seek me with the herd of fortune hunters and that is the reason I have missed him so long.

"Arrah, miss, here is the dochter!"

"Stop him, Mary. I will go in here. Remember, Mary, you don't know my name!" and Eva went into another room, vacant, and adjoining that of the invalid's. The door stood ajar, and Mr. Stanley's first exclamation reached her ears.

"Harold! have I found you at last, and in such a place as this?"

"Eva's eyes ranged over the capabilities of the room in which she stood, and she nodded. "It will do—larger and better than the other, but a poor place at best."

The next day when Dr. Stanley called to see his patient, Mary, with a pardonable pride, ushered him into the room that had been vacant before. A soft carpet was on the floor, and a fire in the grate. Soft muslin curtains, snowy white, draped the window. The bed could scarcely be recognized, with its pure white pillows, counterpane and sheets. A little table stood beside the bed, with the medicines the doctor had ordered, and a decanter of cooling drink.

"The lady, ye mind I told you of, that sint ye to Terry," said Mary. "We arranged the room yesterday, and my good man and I moved him in today, so she'll find him here when she comes. It's asleep he's been for better than four hours, sir."

Two hours later Harold was asleep, but then he opened his eyes. The cold, cheerless room was changed, as if by enchantment; and (Harold thought he was dreaming) an angel face bent over him, with pitying eyes, and a tender smile, tender as a mother's over her child.

"Eva!" he whispered, "oh, that I could die in such a dream, and never wake to the bitter, hopeless love! Let me die now!"

Was it a dream, that sweet, low voice answering him?

"Harold, you will not die!—you will live for me! Your genius shall be recognized, your pictures sought. No more struggling for life, but only for fame!" And the tears fell as she spoke.

Dr. Stanley stood in the doorway, recognized the ball room belle, and the object of his friend's long, silent hopeless, love.

Softly he glided down the stairs, for he knew that a better medicine than he could prescribe was within the patient's grasp.

And the world said, "Just think of Eva Marston, rich, and such a belle, marrying Harold Graham, the artist, who was as poor as a church mouse!"

An Electric Cat.

Prof. Maynard of Cincinnati, it is alleged, owns the most powerful electric battery in the world. He is also the fortunate proprietor of a black tom cat, unrivaled throughout the United States for beauty, size and intelligence. A few days since, so the story goes, these two belongings of the learned professor, each unique of its kind, came by chance into contact, in such sort that the cat became the recipient of a stream of electric fluid, estimated at one thousand horse-power. Forthwith his hair stood erect, emitting a brilliant coruscation of sparks. A series of heartrendering squalls, however, calling the professor's attention to his favorite's perplexing situation, he promptly disconnected the cat from the battery; but to his surprise, found that it remained luminous, having taken into the system such a tremendous does of electricity fluid that it had became a permanent generator of electricity, giving out a light equal to that of eight hundred wax candles This it has continued to do, and it is now the terror of its feline colleagues as it perambulates the tiles by night blazing like a comet, but with insufferable radiance. It appears that Prof. Maynard, deeply impressed by the importance of his accidental discovery, has taken out a patent for lighting streets and public buildings by means of luminous cats, and that a company is being formed, with a capital of $10,000,000, for the purpose of introducing the "Feling Electric Illuminator" to all the countries of the universe. A single radiant cat, suspended chandelier-wise from the ceiling of a theatre, would emit more light than a hundred gas jets, or, enclosed within an ordinary street lamp would turn night into day for some five hundred yards from its crystal place of confinement. It would be a proud day for cience when electric cats shall revolutionze all the lightning systems of creation.

A Scarlet Uniform.

It has been found while firing at a running man target, scarlet on one side and grey on the other, that the scarlet dazzles the eye, and is hence the most difficult to hit, from leaving a red streak behind it, in its advance, which unsettles the aim. The grey side was struck seventy-four times, and the red only forty-two times. It is a curious fact, too, it seems, that those with grey eyes hit fairer than those with eyes of any other color.

If we could see others as we see ourselves, there would be more good-looking people in the world.

Mr. Hello.

A few evenings since an English gentleman, with all the beauties of his native "h" and "o" on the end of his tongue, and the writer stopped in at Mr. Ello's store, and called for a cigar each. Now, Mr. Ello is a Sicilian, and almost everybody knowing him here believes his name to be "Hello," as did we before then. So says we, jokingly, as we entered:

"Hello, Mr. Hello; they say you're a telephone. How is that?"

"N-n-n-no siree; my name is not Tellyphone nor Hello, either, my friend;" he replied. "Mostee everybody they call me 'Hello' when my name is 'Ello.'"

"Oh, yes; I see 'ow it is," joined in our English friend; the haitch is left hoff and the name is spelled simply He-l-l-o, Hello."

"No, no, no; no—'Hello;' it is allee time 'Hello.' Don't I say it is Ello?"

"That's what I say; the haitch is left hoff, which makes it 'Hello' instead of Ello.'"

"No: no, no, *no!* You gitee de wrong cart before de horse every time. My name is 'Ello,' not 'Hello.'" And the old man got wrathy and said curse words.

"Pardon me, my friend; I don't wish to aggravate you; but you don't seem to understand me. I say that people pronounce your name as if it had a 'haitch' at the front hend instead of a 'he,' thus making your name sound 'Ello' instead of 'Hello."

"Tha-a-at's right; you got him right now. You the first man that got him right. I treat you to a cigar. Take another," offering the man the box.

"Yes," said the latter, as he coolly picked out a cigar, "I caught the correct pronunciation of your name as soon as you explained the fact that it was spelled without a haitch. It must be very perplexing to be called 'Ello' when your name is 'Hello.'"

Here the old man spun out a string of prayer words about a foot in length, walked hastily to the rear room and told his wife to go out and 'tend the store, while our kind English friend withdrew, wondering out loud "What the matter with the hold fellow, hany'ow?"

His Wife Was Ahead.

Some few years since, in the country of Penobscot, there lived a man by the name of H——, whose greatest pleasure was in tormenting others. His own family were generally the butt of his sport. One cold and blustering night he retired to bed at an early hour, his wife being absent at a neighbor's. Some time after, she, on returning, finding the door closed, demanded admittance.

"Who are you?" cried Mr. H——.

"You know who I am; let me in, it's very cold."

"Begone, you strolling vagabond. I want nothing of you here."

"But I must come in."

"What is your name?"

"You know my name; it is Mrs. H——."

"Begone! Mrs. H——is a very likely woman; she never keeps such late hours as this."

Mrs. H——replied:

"If you don't let me in I will drown myself in the well."

"Do, if you please," he replied.

She then took a log and plunged it into the well and returned to the side of the door. Mr. H——, hearing the noise, rushed from the house to save, as he supposed, his drowning wife. She at the same time slipped in and closed the door after her, Mr. H——, almost naked, in turn demanded admittance.

"Who are you?" she demanded.

"You know who I am. Let me in, or I shall freeze."

"Begone, you thievish rogue! I want nothing of you here."

"But I must come in."

"What is your name?"

"You know my name; it is Mr. H——."

"Mr. H—— is a very likely man; he don't keep such late hours."

Suffice it to say she, after keeping him in the cold until she was satisfied, opened the door and let him in.

Monk, the Big St. Bernard.

Monk, said to be the largest and most valuable St. Bernard dog in the country, died in New York recently of hemmorrhage of the lungs. He was owned by D. P. Foster 29 South Fifth avenue. "I brought Monk," said Mr. Foster,, "from the monastry of St. Gothard, in Switzerland, last August. He cost me $500, but I have refused $800 for him and I valued him at $1,000. He was with me night and day while I owned him. He weighed abont 170 pounds, stood thirty-six inches from the shoulder to the ground, and measured six feet nine inches from his nose to the tip of his tail. He was two years old, of a tawny lion color, with large, lustrous kindly hazel eyes, a heavy drooping jaw, and huge overlapping upper lips. His frame was massive, and his face beamed with intelligence. When reared up on his hind feet he looked enormous and fierce, yet he had such a gentle and kindly nature that children delighted to play with him, and he with them. Every day I took him out into Washington Square for his airing, and he was a great favorite with the nurses and children, and would poke his nose into every baby carriage that came near. He was a pure, rough-coated St. Bernard. His father and mother are yet employed by the Monks of St. Gothard in hunting the mountain passes in search of unfortunate travelers. They are named Jungfrau and Monk, and they distinguished themselves in 1871 by saving the lives of several of a large party of monks, guides and travelers who were buried in an avalanche. The breed has been kept distinct by distribution among the gentry in the surrounding valleys, so that whenever the avalanche has buried an unusual number, the stock has been replenished. There are both rough and smooth-coated St. Bernards, similar in all characteristics except the hair. The prevailing colors are tawny and brindle. The dogs that are marked with a white line about the neck and up the face are prized most, as their marks resemble the badge of the monks' order. Although Monk was only a year and a half old, he had been engaged in the work of saving travelers, and knew many of the mountain paths.

"He was a dog of exemplary behavior," Mr. Foster continued. "No man could enter the house at night without his permission, and none could go out unless I was there to give my consent. He was obedient, would fetch and carry, shake hands, lie down for the children to play with him, and give his old mountain howl of distress if he wanted help. He would not go out in the street unaccompanied, and then only after his toilet had been properly made—his face washed and his hair combed. He understood simple commands in three languages—Latin, French and English. If there was a noise at the front door he would be the first there. If the bell rang in the night he would come and wake me up by scratching at the door. His first mate was Minka, formerly the property of the Duchess of Oldenburg. Monk had one peculiarity; he did not like soldiers, and when he met one he would step back and crouch as if ready for a spring. The reason of it was that he had been struck when young by a soldier. He always seemed to remember that blow, the monk said, and I found it true.

"I have owned other famous dogs," said Mr. Foster, "but none like him. One was Lion, which took the first prize among twenty-three St. Bernard dogs at the Gilmore's Garden International Show in 1877. Another was Turk, which took the first prize in Philadelphia in 1879. Turk is still living and in good health, and is the only dog in this country, I believe, with the famous white ring or collar about his neck. Monk was fond of swimming, and would fetch and carry from the water. He would pick up a child by the clothing and be careful not to inflict the slightest injury. The climate did not agree with him. A short time ago he seemed to be better but he had taken a bad cold, which he could not get rid of. We had three doctors to attend him, and nursed him and dosed him as we would a sick child. Mrs. Foster was his special friend and nurse. On Sunday about 2 A. M., when we retired, he seemed to be unusually demonstrative and affectionate. At about 5 A. M. Mrs. Foster was awakened by Monk's restlessness. I am satisfied that he knew he was about to die and wanted us to be with him. We buried his body at my father's old homestead in New Jersey, but we have saved his skin and head, and will have it mounted. His picture has been painted life size, for he was a dog whose equal will not soon be seen again in this country."

An Exciting Adventure.

We were sailing down the Neckar on a raft. The sky became overcast, and the Captain came aft looking uneasy. He cast his eye aloft, then shook his head, and said it was coming on to blow. My party wanted to land. I wanted to go on. The Captain said we ought to shorten sail, anyway, out of common prudence. Consequently, the larboard watch was ordered to lay in his pole. It grew quite dark, now, and the wind began to rise. It wailed through the swaying branches of the trees, and swept our decks in fitful gusts. Things were taking on an ugly look. The Captain shouted to the steersman on the forward log, "How's she heading?"

The answer came faint and hoarse from far forward. "Nor'-east-and-by-nor'-east-by east, half east sir."

"Let her go off a point!"

"Aye, aye, sir!"

"What water have you got?"

"Shoal, sir. Two foot large on the starboard, two and a half scant on the larboard!"

"Let her go off another point!"

"Aye, aye, sir!"

"Forward, men, all of you! Lively, now! Stand by to crowd her round the weather corner!"

"Aye, aye, sir!"

Then followed a wild running, tramping and hoarse shouting; but the forms of the men were soon lost in the darkness, and the sounds were distorted, and confused by the roaring of the wind through the shingle bundles. By this time the sea was running inches high, and threatened every moment to engulf the frail bark. Now came the mate hurrying aft, and said, close to the captain's ear, in a low agitated voice:

"Prepare for the worst, sir; we have sprung a leak!"

"Heavens! where?"

"Right aft the second row of logs."

"Nothing but a miracle can save us! Don't let the men know, or there will be a panic and mutiny! Lay her inshore and stand by to jump with the stern line the moment she touches. Gentlemen, I must look to you to second my endeavors in this hour of peril. You have hats—go forward and bail for your lives!"

Down swept another mighty blast of wind, clothed in spray and thick darkness. At such a moment as this, came from away forward that most appalling of all cries that are ever heard at sea, "Man overboard?"

The captain shouted, "Hard a port. Never mind the man! Let him climb aboard or wade ashore!"

"Another cry came down the wind, "Breakers ahead!"

"Where away!"

"Not a log's length off her port forefoot."

We had groped our slippery way forward, and were now bailing with the energy of despair, when we heard the mate's terrified cry from far aft:

"Stop that dashed bailing, or we shall be aground."

But this was immediately followed by the glad shout:

"Land aboard the starboard transom!"

"Saved!" cried the captain. "Jump ashore and take a turn around a tree and pass the bight aboard!"

The next moment we were all on shore, weeping and embracing for joy, while the rain poured down in torrents. The captain said he had been a mariner for forty years on the Neckar, and in that time had seen storms to make a man's cheek blanch and his pulse stop, but he had never, never seen a storm that even approached this one.

Into the Papers.

A well-known military gentleman living on Washington street, Hartford, Conn., was considerably frightened one night last week by the appearance of a man carrying a lantern, who walked into his bedroom. The gentleman sprang from his bed, and demanded of the intruder what he wanted. "I want you," was the reply, "to be more careful in closing your windows. I walked in through a bay window down stairs, and have been in nearly every room in the house in search of somebody to lock the window properly after me when I go out." The intruder was a policeman who had found the window open. The military man promised to be more careful in the future, and begged of the officer not to speak of the affair, as it would certainly get into the papers, and that he wouldn't have it published for anything.

A Base Impostor.

A farmer from the vicinity of Hempstead appeared in front of the Stock Exchange, New York, and entered into conversation with a citizen who was waiting in the door by asking:

"The convention in there breaks up at three o'clock, don't it?"

"Yes, that's the hour," was the reply.

"Do you know Jay Gould when you see him?"

"Oh, yes."

"Is he in there?"

"I presume so."

"Well, I wish you'd point him out to me when he comes out.

The citizen promised to do this, and within a few minutes he kept his word. The farmer took a square look at the railroad and telegraph prince, and then turned and asked:

"Are you dead sure?"

"Oh, yes."

"Can't be no mistake?"

"No."

"Well, it's about as I suspected. A few days ago a great big slouch of a fellow halted at my gate and began measuring my ground with a tape-line, and squinting around in the most mysterious manner. I went out to see what was up, and, after beating around for awhile, he said he was Jay Gould, but I didn't know what he looked like."

"It must have been a fraud?"

"I am sure of that now. I pumped around to find what he was up to, and he finally said he wanted my place for an orphan asylum. He was going to build one as big as a palace and take care of all the orphans in the country."

"And of course you treated him well?"

"Didn't I! Why, for three days he lived on the fat of the land and slept in the parlor bedroom. He was going to give me $25,000 for my land, and the way we killed chickens and turned out sweet cake for him made the old woman sick. He finally jumped the house and took my Sunday suit and fiddle worth $8."

"I don't believe Gould would steal a fiddle."

"That's what I thought, and so I came over to have a look at him. It wasn't Gould at all, but some base impostor."

"And you are so much out."

"Well, it looks that way; but the experience is worth something. It may not be a week before some one else will come along with a ten-foot pole in his hand and theological seminary in his eye, and claim to be a Russell Sage, and the way I will knock him down, and step on him, and walk over him, and drive him into the sile will pay me a profit of fifty per cent. on the investment.

Wanted a Chance.

A New York firm dealing in pictures, mottoes, etc., was visited last fall by a small dealer from a village over in Jersey, and the man was greatly struck with the motto: "God Bless Our Home."

"Now, that's something original and unique," he said, as he held one at arm's length. "Down in our town we just hanker after original designs, and unique literature, and I believe I can sell a hundred of these. You may make my order an even hundred."

He went away well pleased, and his goods were duly shipped, and nothing further was heard from him until the other day. Then he entered the store to make some new purchases, and he was asked to look at a new style of mottoes just out.

"I hain't no more interest in mottoes," he sighed, as he glanced at "What is home without a mother?"

"You remember I bought a hundred of you last fall?"

"Yes; and how did they sell?"

"Well, everybody seemed to hanker after 'em, and they went off like hot-cakes. I sold the whole lot out in two weeks, and in less than a month there were three slander suits, two applications for divorce, and a dozen assault and battery cases in the courts."

"But you don't lay it to the mottoes, do you?"

"Well, I dunno. I've lived in Jersey twenty-seven years, and been in this business over twenty years, and I think a dollar chromo, showing a pretty fair hill, a glorious sunset, and a decent sort of pond with a duck in it, hits our case a little better than anything else. I've got to get something for a change, and if you haven't anything good in refined scenery I guess I'll try 'em on Washington crossing the Delaware and a few Daniels in the Lion's Den."

Pope Leo.

A recent visitor to Rome writes, "at last all the others were gone, and we knelt at the feet of the Pope while a monsignore in violet silk leaned over and read him our names. I was surprised at the genial expression of his face, the kindliness of his keen black eyes, so poorly portrayed in his photographs. His robe was of white cashmere, a gold chain hung around his neck, and on his head was a white skull cap, fringed with his silvery hair.

His feet in their crimson slippers rested upon a cushion, and people kissed the gold cross that was embroidered upon them. He sat in an arm chair, upon which was thrown a scarlet cloth, and an attendant in the back ground waited with his white mantle and crimson velvet hat corded with gold. The marchesa held his hand and spoke with him for several minutes, and then he turned and extended it to me, and I kissed the large amethyst of his ring, and looked up into his kindly eyes.

The marchesa having repeated that I was an American, and that I desired His blessing for myself and all the family, he laid his hand upon my head, and, turning to her, said: "An American, and how then did you come to know her?" "Holy Father, she lives in my house," was the reply. "She is good," added his Holiness, with a merry smile in his eyes, and I, not wishing to rest under false pretenses, said: "Beatissimo Padre sono Protestana," whereupon he made a little wry face, laughed, shook his head at me, and laid his hand in blessing upon my head a second time.

I took courage, raised the rosaries, and he covered them with his hand. Then he went away, and I saw him heave a sigh of weariness. It must indeed be very fatiguing to see so many people. I have been informed since that 200 persons were presented that day, and Pope Leo is far from strong. He has recently been ill and his voice trembles from weakness, his hands are unsteady, and altogether his extreme feebleness is apparent to every one."

Brawls in Congress.

On the 29th of January, 1835, an attempt was made to assassinate General Jackson on the portico of the Capitol, at a funeral ceremony, by Richard Lawrence, a painter by trade, and resident of Washington. He exploded two caps on the pistols in the attempt. The pistols were afterwards found to be well loaded, and Jackson's escape was considered miraculous. The would-be assassin was knocked down and taken into custody. Gen. Jackson always believed that this act was perpetrated at the instigation of some of the friends of the Bank.

Prior to this, in 1833, Gen. Jackson was assaulted while sitting down reading a newspaper on the boat at Alexandria, but the friends of the assailant succeeded in getting him out of the way in good time.

It was in these days that Henry A. Wise made an ugly face at speaker Polk on the street and spat at him.

In February, 1838, Mr. Cilley of Maine charged in his speech in the House that James Watson Webb, editor of the New York *Courier and Enquirer*, had received a bribe of $52,000 from the Bank of the United States. Graves of Kentucky took up Webb's quarrel, and Henry A. Wise bore his challenge to Cilley. General George W. Jones was Cilley's second. Bladensburg was the place and the weapons were rifles. The rifles rang out and both missed. The challenge was withdrawn to give opportunity for reconciliation. The attempt failed and the principals again took position, Wise remarking that if the matter was not terminated by this shot he would propose to shorten the distance. The rifles rang again and Cilley fell dead.

Henry A Wise, the Ajax in these scenes, struck Stanley, from North Carolina, a blow at the race course. Stanley demanded the usual satisfaction. The demand was withdrawn for explanation. Wise explained that "understanding Stanley came in collision with him unintentionally near the race course, he deemed it to be his duty, as a gentlemen, to say that the blow, inflicted by him on Stanley through a sudden impulse produced by erroneous impressions, demanded his profound regret." Stanley's friends told him he was bound to accept the explanation, which he did.

In 1842, Joshua R. Giddings of Ohio, after having been expelled from the House for an expression of his views on the subject of slavery, was promptly returned to his seat by his constituents. In a subsequent speech he said: "I will not speak of the time when Dawson of Louisiana, drew a bowie-knife for my assassination. I was afterward speaking with regard to a certain transaction in which negroes were concerned in Georgia, when Mr. Black of Georgia, raising his bludgeon, and standing in front of my seat, said to me, 'If you repeat that language again, I will knock you down.' It was a solemn moment for me. I had never been knocked down, and having some curiosity on the subject, I repeated the language. Then Mr. Dawson of Louisiana, the same one who had drawn the bowie-knife, put his hand on his pocket, and said, with an oath which I will not repeat, that he would shoot me, at the same time cocking the pistol, so that all around me could hear the click."

It was in April, 1850, when the compromise measures were under discussion, that the scene between Foote and Benton took place in the Senate. Foote was making a speech and making allusion to Benton. Benton rose hastily from his seat, pushing his chair violently from him, and without remark or gesture moved up the aisle toward Foote, who was about twenty feet distant. Benton had no weapon in his hand or upon his person. Foote, perceiving Benton's movement, advanced to meet him drawing and cocking a five-chambered revolver. Members intervened, and order was restored. Benton said a pistol had been brought to assassinate him. Foote replied he had only brought it for self-defense. Benton replied that was always the pretext of an assassin.

In 1854, Churchwell and Cullum had their "set-to" in the House. Churchwell pronounced language used by Cullum infamously false. Cullum, who sat about fifteen feet from Churchwell, sprang from his seat with both fists upraised, and exclaiming, "G—d d——n you, you d——n rascal," tried to "get at" him. Cullum said Churchwell drew a pistol on him. The Speaker pounded; the Sergeant-at-Arms fumed and—held up his mace! But calm succeeded as it always does—after a time.

It was the 22d of May, 1856, that Preston S. Brooks, a member of the House from South Carolina, came into the Senate Chamber and knocked down and beat Senator Sumner, from Massachusetts. Brooks afterwards challenged Senator Henry Wilson, who was opposed to the code. He also challenged Burlingame, who accepted, and named the Canada side at Niagara Falls, and proceeded there. Brooks declined to meet Burlingame at that point, alleging that the place of meeting had been expressly named because it would be impossible for him to be present.

In the same year a scene occured in the House between Mr. Sherman of Ohio (now Secretrary Sherman), and Mr. Wright of Tennessee. Sherman tried to throw a handful of wafers in Wright's face, when Wright made an attempt to strike him. Confusion and excitement prevail d for a moment, but was soon allayed.

A Sharp Race.

All Armenians have the same strong, heavy build, the same thick, beetle eyebrows, the same full, aquiline nose, springing directly, and without the intervention or any appreciable depression from under the forehead; the same dark, lusterless eye, the same mass of clothes on clothes, all dingy and baggy, the same large brown hand, and written in each curved fingertip, in every line of the capacious palm, the same: "It is more blessed to receive than to give." A race more retentive than the Jews themselves of their nationality; more retentive of their money, too, and more acquisitive. "Shut up all the Jews and all the Armenians of the world together in one exchange," old Rothschild is reported to have said, "and within half an hour the total wealth of the former will have passed into the hands of the latter." We believe it.

—Murphy induced 800 people to sign the temperance pledge in Indiana.

—Dubuque's school census shows 9,476 children between the ages 5 and 21.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, FEBR'Y 17. '81.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square....	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column...	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.
Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER, Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. Samuel Smith and Rev. W. H. Hartman, Preachers.

Rev Smith will preach next Sunday morning
Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday evening
Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—Dav. Kimport, supt

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday afternoon

United Brethren.

Rev. L. M. Gates, Preacher-in-charge.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday afternoon, English.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—F. D. Luse, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. R. A. BUMILLER, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Official Directory

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Mondays of January, April, August and November.

President Judge—Hon. Chas. A. Mayer, Lock Haven.
Additional Law Judge—Hon. John H. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Associate Judges—Hons. Samuel Frank, John Dixon.
Prothonotary—J. C. Harper.
Register of Wills and Clerk of O. C.—W. E. Burchfield.
Recorder of Deeds, &c.—William A. Tobias.
District Attorney—David F. Fortney.
Sheriff—John Spangler.
Treasurer—Adam Yearick.
County Surveyor—Joseph Devling.
Coroner—Dr. Joseph Adams.
County Commissioners—Andrew Gregg, George Swab, Jacob Dunkle.
Clerk to County Commissioners—Henry Beck.
Attorney to County Commissioners—C. M. Bower.
Janitor of the Court House—Bartrim Galbraith.
County Auditors—James T. Stewart, George R. Williams, Thomas B. Jamison.
Jury Commissioners—John Shannon, David W. Kline.
Superintendent of Public Schools—Prof. Henry Meyer.

—No Senator yet.

It turns out that Mr. Hayes, the great civil service reformer who has for nearly four years occupied the presidency in spite of the notorious fact that he was not elected thereto, has compelled the treasury officials to pay him his salary monthly in advance. This he did in plain contravention of paragraph 3,648 of the revised statutes, which provides that "no advance of public money shall be made in any case whatever," and in spite of the protests of the officials of the treasury this bold violation of the law. When remonstrated with by a member of his cabinet, he simply answered that he must have the money for investment. But then, could anything better be expected from a fraudulent president?

Ohio is said to have two or three Congressmen whom it would like to recommend as suitable for the Speakership of the next House. If Ohio has any candidates for that office it would be impudent and heartless for any other State to offer a candidate.

Several southern papers of conservative hue suggest Col. A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, for a cabinet position. Mr. Garfield might go farther and fare worse.

Delaware is the smallest state in the Union, but sends the *biggest* senator of them all to Washington, in the person of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12, '81.

Senator Hoar offered a curious resolution relating to the coming inauguration ceremonies in the Senate yesterday, instructing the Judiciary Committee to consider and report whether the assembling at the seat of government of large bodies of organized and armed troops not under the command of officers of the U. S. army, or any National authority, be not likely to prove in future dangerous in practice, and whether any legislation or opinion by Congress on the subject be desirable. If a Democratic Senator had done this, and especially a Southern Democratic Senator, the wrath of every Republican newspaper in the land would have been poured out upon him. The subject is interesting, however, and I trust that Senator Thurman, now Chairman of the Committee, will find time to prepare a report. The idea that the militia, and not a regular army, is dangerous to the Republic is one that none of the fathers maintained.

There is now almost a certainty that the appropriation bills will be passed before March 4th. This fact was incidentally stated in the Senate yesterday, when a proposition was made to consider the funding bill. Indeed so admirably have the appropriation bills been prepared by the House Committee that they present no reasonable excuse for delay. In this list I do not include the River and harbor bill, which does not come from the appropriation committee. If possible, the bill is worse this year than last. Many proper subjects for Federal aid are embraced in the provisions of the bill—such as the principle harbors and rivers of the country, and other rivers which, being in the general line of travel only need improvements to become important—but the geographies and atlases have been searched for streams unknown to legislators, tourists, or business men, and much of the ten million appropriated go to them This is supposed to be made necessary in order to get votes in the House for the really proper expenditures. The experiment of a really honest River and Harbor bill has not yet been tried in the House within my recollection.

The Re-apportionment bill is not in good condition for passage at this session. Mr. Cox has injured its chances by his violent opposition to other measures. Mr. Reagan no longer hopes for action on his Inter-State Commerce bill, though it will probably be given one or more days in the House next week. Senator Morril yesterday said he feared there would be an extra session it the funding bill failed. There seems to be no good reason now for doubting an agreement of the two Houses on this measure. There is a disagreement as to the rate of interest, but no other that can not be readily arranged. The probability is a conference committee will be able to bring the two Houses together on the subject by the 4th of March.

CARROLL.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Millheim Borough.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
F P Musser
CONSTABLE,
John H. Maize.
BURGESS,
E. C. Campbell.
ASST. BURGESS,
G. W. Stover, Jr.
COUNCIL,
F D Luse,
A. C. Musser,
John H Breon,
John Stoner,
C W Hartman,
H H Weiser,
HIGH CONSTABLE,
Samuel Weiser, Jr.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS,
A. Luckenbach, (3 y)
W R Weiser, (3 y)
Jacob Gephart, (1 y)
OVERSEERS OF POOR,
Mark Mooney,
D A Musser,
ASSESSOR,
D L Zerby
JUDGE OF ELECTION,
Michael Lamey,
INSPECTORS,
A A Frank,
J F Harter.
AUDITOR,
B O Deininger.

Penn Township.

Judge of Election,
John Moyer
Inspectors,
Henry M Swartz
F Bowersox
Supervisors,
Andrew Stover
Jacob Kerstetter
Overseers of the Poor,
William Smith,
Benj. Kerstetter,
School Directors,
H E Duck,
Conrad Immel
Assessor,
Jacob Emerick,
Auditor,
Jacob J. Gentzel,
Town Clerk,
Perry H Stover
Constable,
D L Geary.

Haines Township.

JUDGE OF ELECTIONS,
Noah Weaver
INSPECTORS,
Geo W Kister
T. G. W. Edmonds.
SUPERVISORS,
A F Kreamer
Michael Bower
OVERSEERS OF POOR,
J J Fiedler
Abs Confer
SCHOOL DIRECTORS,
H G Miller
F P Bower
ASSESSOR,
H H Weaver
AUDITOR,
Jeremiah Winkleblech
TOWN CLERK,
Thomas Frank
CONSTABLE,
J. H. Wyle.

Miles Township.

JUDGE OF ELECTIONS,
J P Frank
INSPECTOR,
C C Brungard
C C Lose
SCHOOL DIRECTORS,
Reuben Kreamer,
Andrew Ocker
OVERSEER OF POOR,
John Hosterman
John Shafer, farmer
ASSESSOR,
Cornelius Stover
SUPERVISORS,
Jonathan Walker
David Shafer
AUDITOR,
Emanuel Brown
TOWN CLERK,
Joseph K Weber
CONSTABLE,
Wm J Carlin

AUDITORS' REPORT

OF THE
RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 1, 1881.
ADAM YEARICK, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance from settlement Jan. 1, 1880,	$3,727 17	
To cash received on taxes during year	42,334 93	
To cash received of com's, fines, &c.....	2,328 30	
To county tax on unseated lands.....	5,735 81	
	$53,776 24	
To balance due county January 1, 1881...	$5,757 50	
CR.		
By county orders paid.....	$44,307 89	
By amount paid state assessment	1,700 85	
By salary	2,000 00	
By stationery	10 00	
By balance	5,757 50	
	$53,776 24	

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the above account of Adam Yearick, Treasurer of Centre county, and find it correct.
Witness our hands and seals this 17th day of January, A. D. 1881.
JAMES T. STUART, [L.S.]
T. B. JAMISON, [L.S.] } Auditors.
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [L.S.]

EXPENDITURES.

Commissioners' Pay.

Andrew Gregg	$ 607 44	
Jacob Dunkle	150 00	
George Swab	350 00	
Henry Beck, clerk	700 00	
		$1,807 44
Jury Commissioners' Pay.		
D. W. Kline	24 48	
John Shannon	20 06	
Henry Beck, Clerk	30 00	
		74 54
Auditors' Pay.		
James T. Stewart	30 00	
T. B. Jamison	30 00	
George R. Williams	30 00	
C. L. Buffington, clerk	30 00	
		120 00
Improvement and Repairs.		
H. Walkey, repairs at office and jail	108 84	
J. C. Harper, repairs at prothonotary office	35 54	
R. J. Doak, painting at jail	12 40	
H. D. Yerger, building oven at jail	23 89	
D. A. Geiss, repairing locks at jail	6 50	
E. Black, painting gutters at jail	11 42	
Williams & Bro., painting, &c., jail and court house	77 65	
Jno. Wetzel, repairs at court house	11 81	
W. P. Duncan & Co., iron clad cel s at jail	545 84	
Phœnix Planing Mill Co., lumber at treasurer's office	9 49	
Samuel Pletcher, work at court house	39 58	
H. W. Houtz, work for jail	23 00	
S. D. Wetzel, work at treasur's office	5 09	
M. W. Cowdrick, work at jail	11 00	
Daniel Derr, gas fixtures at jail	22 25	
John Harrison, work on cells at jail	35 00	
		977 90
Court Expenses.		
Jurors' pay	3,552 23	
Commonwealth costs	1,225 23	
W. F. Reber, reporter	307 50	
J. H. Vosburg	30 00	
J. I. Hagerman	10 00	
B. Galbraith, court crier	98 00	
R. Galbraith, janitor	350 00	
Tipstaves' pay	268 00	
M. J. Dolan, special detective	200 00	
Court proclamations to sheriff	42 00	
Summoning jurors	113 00	
		6,165 96
County Prison Expenses.		
Mrs. Haller, for washing	21 35	
Mrs. Shaffer, for washing	17 90	
Mrs. Ungart, for washing	17 37	
S. A. Brew & Son, wood for jail	4 50	
N. A. Lucas, wood for jail	2 50	
B. F. Leitzell, wood for jail	7 50	
Robert McKnight, gas bills	213 60	
Lawrence L. Brown	223 00	
Alexander & Co, coal	94 45	
W. T. Twitmire, furnace, &c....	244 57	
Theo. Deshner, repairs at jail	23 75	
I. Guggenheimer & Co., clothing for prisoners	1 65	
Lyon & Co., clothing for pris'ers	2 25	
Harper Bros., " "	45 76	
S. & A. Loeb, " "	57 18	
S. & A. Loeb, carpet and clothing for prisoners	86 02	
Jno. Hoffer, clothing for pris'ers	33 54	
J. C. Derr, gas burner &c.....	1 75	
J. A. S. Mallory, blacksmithing	3 20	
H. K. Hicks, hardware, &c.	28 85	
Daniel Derr, gas fittings	10 60	
J. Reynolds & Co., grate and brick for range	5 00	
Penn'a R R Co. freight, &c	81	
C. Schrock, repairs at gate	1 50	
W. W. Wolf, repairs at heater	2 00	
D. Eberhart, repairs at stable	1 00	
W. S. Galbraith, repairs at jail	16 20	
H. Spangler, removing ashes...	6 00	
		1,203 45
County Printing.		
P. Gray Meek	153 30	
F. L. Hutter	80 55	
E. T. Taten	173 03	
Fred. Kurtz	70 00	
E. C. Bender	72 75	
Shugert & Forster	160 30	
Deininger & Bumiller	6 00	
Walter & Deininger	70 00	
		785 90
Bridges.		
Bridge views		31 30
Port Matilda bridge—		
Murray, Dougal & Co	888 00	
Sam'l Brugger, engineer	12 88	
J. E. Speering, contractor	60 00	
		960 88
Marsh Creek bridge—		
Townsend, Brown & Co	796 00	
Wm. Lyons	774 75	
W. F. Reynolds & Co	15 25	
Samuel Brugger	98 47	
		1,684 47
Repairs at Karthaus bridge	68 00	
J. E. Speering, Pt. Matilda b'ge	162 50	
J. G. Jones, foot bridge	3 48	
Chaney & Thompson	4 52	
J. G. Jones	22 50	
J. G. L. Meyers	8 00	
Samuel Brugger, repairs Unionville bridge	4 75	
Jno. I. Thompson, repairs at Martha bridge	122 63	
J. D. Hall, repairs at Howard bridge	1 50	
Sam'l Brugger, rebuilding Unionville bridge	672 00	
James Bradley, railing Milesburg bridge	3 50	
		1,073 38
Ordinary Expenses.		
Commissioners' expenses to Marsh Creek	4 50	
Commissioners' expenses to Lock Haven	10 00	
Commissioners' expense to Port Matilda	13 60	
Commissioners' expenses holding appeals	203 25	
R. M. McKnight, gas bills	135 70	
Counting congressional and county returns	25 50	
A. Hoy, attorney, county vs. First National Bank	4 75	
Water tax, 1879-80	250 00	
H. Beck, entering cases in docket	10 34	
L. L. Beck, copying registrations	42 00	
L. L. Beck, removing ashes	1 50	
Alexander & Co., coal, court house	65 74	
L. L. Brown, coal, court house	100 67	
H. V. Stitzer, stationery, &c.....	16 18	
Express and freight	21 89	
Eills Orvis, auditing prothonotary and sheriff's account	45 00	
Jno. T. Johnston, postage.....	30 56	
Housem & Teller, meals for jurors	5 20	
Dan. Garman, meals for jurors	10 55	
W. A. Tobias, deed book.....	14 00	
J. C. Harper, books, &c. office	238 58	
W. E. Burchfield, books, &c. office	33 31	
C. W. Lambert, pruning trees...	21 50	
Geo. F. Bisel, pens, &c., commissioners' office	2 75	
D. W. Eberhart, repairs at offices	2 25	
Henry Hoffman, mend'g chairs	5 85	
W. F. Murphy & Sons, stationery, &c	3 50	
Wm. Mann, books, &c. offices	38 00	
J. A. S. Mallory, repair'g court house gates	1 50	
F. L. Hutter, registration bl'ks	21 55	
R. W. Dingler, ink	75	
Lane S. Hart, Digests of Election Laws	15 00	
James Murray, cleaning cess pool	50	
C. McConnell, mortgage book...	14 15	
Wilson, McFarlane & Co., hardware, court house	5 20	
H. K. Hicks, hardware, court house	54 09	
Sechler & Co., spittoons, court house	50	
Jas. Harris & Co., hardware, court house	29 97	
B. F. Leitzell, wood, court house	2 50	
Jac. Garbrick, wood, court h'se	2 50	
Lieb & Garbrick, ice, court h'se	1 25	
W. A. Shroyer, repairing hat rack, court house	2 75	
Wilson, McFarlane & Co., rope, &c	9 92	
Quinter & Brumbach, binding dockets, & c	96 81	
D. F. Fortney, rebinding Digests	2 80	
Mary Hartman, scrubbing offi's	1 50	
Jac. Schrom, binding matting court house	3 37	
W. T. Twitmire, repairing at commissioners' office	1 72	
E. W. Woodruff, file holders, prothonotary's office	57 25	
H. C. Chronister, witness fees..	2 58	
M. Morrison, rep'ring hydrant..	1 00	
Logan Hose Co. subscription...	15 00	
E. W. Woodruff, file holders.....	57 25	
R. Galbraith, wheel barrow	6 00	
Samuel Brugger, engineering....	11 18	
N. A. Lucas, delivering registrations	1 60	
Teachers' institute	184 95	
Western penitentiary	232 04	
Agricultural society	100 00	
Hospital for insane	2,589 77	
Jno Spangler, sherriff, o n ac't.	1,447 74	
Bills and notes paid	11,592 25	
Road views	783 16	
Interest paid	3,901 52	
Repairs on real estate	15 50	
Premiums to collectors	32 00	
Redemption U. S. land tax	426 68	
Commissions on collections	53 01	
Election expenses	1,378 16	
Insurance on county buildings	615 65	
Inquests on dead bodies	35 21	
Scalp premiums	910 45	
Assessors' pay	2,039 11	
Refunding taxes	70 69	
State tax assessments	1,760 85	
Constable pay	405 00	
Commissions on lunacy	57 60	
C M Bower, com'ners' att'ney..	75 00	
J C Harper, on account	247 00	
Refunding U S land taxes	284 11	
J H Dobbins, M. D., physician jail	100 00	
		31,063 49
Total amount paid	$46,008 74	

JOHN SPANGLER, Sherriff,
In account with Centre County.

DR.

To orders received on account	$1,602 76
To costs and fines received	178 00
Balance	475 85
	$2,251 61

CR.

By balance at settlement. Jan. 1, 1880...	$ 702 76
By boarding prisoners 18, 8 days at 40c.	739 20
By summoning jurors, April term	40 00
By summoning jurors, August term	31 00
By summoning jurors, November term	31 00
By summoning jurors, January term and filling jury wheel	51 00
By filling and mending 33 ticks at 60c...	16 00
By notifying jurors not to atten April T.	12 00
By conveying three to insane asylum	120 00
By conveying one to penitentiary	40 00
By publishing proclamation, three c'rts	36 00
By window glass at jail	50
By fines	13 50
By election proclamations	6 00
By fish-basket notice published	14 25
By 72 turnkey fees	56 60
By removing fish baskets	315 30
By costs in commonwealth cases	26 00
	$2,261 85
January 1, 1881. By balance due at settment	$475 85

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that in pursuance of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to counties and townships, and county and township officers," we met at the Commissioners' Office, in Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday of January, 1881 and did audit and settle and adjust the several and foregoing accounts of John Spangler, Sherriff of Centre county, and find them correct and the balances as stated.
Witness our hands and seals this 17th day of January, A D 1881
JAMES T STUART, [L.S.]
T B JAMISON, [L.S.] } Auditors
GEO R WILLIAMS, [L.S.]

Taxes Outstanding and Due by Collectors.

1872			
*John Ward, Half Moon	$256 97		
*D Robb, Liberty	14 52	271 49	
1873			
*Daniel Malone, Boggs	7 61		
*L C Rearick, Marion	15 80	23 42	
1874			
*†Joseph Fox, Bellefonte	454 15		
*William Riddles, Philipsburg	845 93		
*Fred Kerchoff, Curtin	123 28		
*William Cross, Half Moon	8 72		
*H B Wilcox, Rush	261 30		
*D H Yeager, Snow Shoe	75 75	1,769 13	
1875			
*Charles Brown, Bellefonte	758 83		
*J P Shope, Milesb'rg	223 99		
*Jno T Lucas, Curtin	7 26		
*H B Wilcox, Rush	76 74	1,066 83	
1876			
*J H Morrison, Bellefonte	426 94		
*T M Hall, Milesburg	96 12		
*David Harter, Marion	185 09		
*William Weiser, Penn	324 37		
*G W Koch, Potter	753 06		
*John Noll, Spring	213 87	1,999 45	
1877			
*†Jackson Gorten, Philipsburg	46 30		
*†H C Holter, Howard	95 46		
*†Uriah Stover, Benner	266 48		
*† W H Fry, Ferguson	1,336 31		
*†Geo Gensamer, Half Moon	295 87		
*David Robb, Liberty	294 03		
*†D W Orr, Marion	145 27		
*Joel Morris, Miles	83 87		
*†G W F Gray, Patton	82 35		
*†Henry Swab, Potter	272 71		
*F H Dale, Rush	28 06		
*†H J Tibbins, Spring	472 55	3,420 26	
1878			
E. H. Carr, Milesburg	148 00		
F. O. Mattern, Philipsburg	375 97		
Sam'l Brickley, Howard bor	117 12		
Thomas Perdue, Benner	961 67		
J. C. Walker, Bogus	335 88		
†John A. Rupp, College	40 63		
Henry Thiel, Curtin	21 86		
C. P. Leitzel, Gregg	428 28		
D. H. Rote, Haines	43 06		
†John Carper, Jr., Harris	119 70		
John Craig, Huston	115 41		
William Tressler, Patton	140 36		
†John D. Foote, Penn	1,038 47		
F. H. Dale, Rush	658 26		
A. J. Swartz, spring	1,469 59		
Jos. Thompson, Snow Shoe	68 87		
Samuel Hoover, Taylor	193 09		
Sam'l Stephens, Worth	190 71		
J. M. Kline, Howard	46 01	6,792 94	
1879.			
William Miles, Milesburg	180 70		
Robert Cook, Jr	123 37		
A. C. Musser, Millheim	96 06		
A. N. Russell, Unionville	29 16		
†W. A. Taylor, Benner	1,003 71		
J. C. Walker, Bogus	621 50		
Henry Thiel, Curtin	124 94		
†G. W. Keichline, Ferguson	513 81		
†Cyrus Lose, Gregg	193 22		
†J. H. Griffin, Half Moon	300 07		
J. M. Kline, Howard	372 68		
C. A. Courter, Liberty	111 57		
†J. J. Hoy, Marion	859 52		
George B Haines, Miles	569 35		
†Daniel Heckman, Patton	473 18		
†J. W. Messinger, Potter	692 65		
John Garbrick, Spring	874 35		
†Samuel Boyer, Snow Shoe	62 24		
John T. Fowler, Taylor	392 86		
†David Yocum, Walker	939 59		
†Benjamin Stam, Harris	94 07	8,548 96	
1880.			
John Potter, Bellefonte	3,779 65		
†Conrad Diehl, Howard boro	349 99		
O. P. Kreamer, Milesburg	390 01		
†Wm. Kerstetter, Millheim	551 46		
Daniel Ayres, Philipsburg	1,168 81		
Edward Lucas, Unionville	163 07		
†Hezekiah Hoy, Benner	1,895 84		
†J. A. Mulholland, Burnside	96 75		
†Emanuel Noll, Boggs	1,072 62		
†John W. Stewart, College	2,332 68		
†Henry Thiel, Curtin	239 70		
†C. B. Hess, Ferguson	3,056 97		
†M. L. Rishel, Gregg	2,656 96		
†W. L. Bright, Haines	1,248 09		
†Alex Everhart, Harris	1,516 88		
P W Barket, Half Moon	940 30		
†D W Kline, Huston	404 11		
John M Kline, Howard	635 37		
Daniel Herring, Liberty	900 69		
†John Spayde, Marion	1,348 63		
†John C Smull, Miles	1,426 03		
†H D Lee, Patton	1,062 28		
†Samuel Ard, Penn	947 33		
†Ellis Hosterman, Potter	3,522 32		
Robert Laws, Rush	178 57		
†Joseph Tressler, Spring	2,500 11		
Samuel Boyer, Snow Shoe	493 82		
William Miller, Taylor	348 94		
William Spotts, Union	280 36		
†William B Shaffer, Walker	2,109 27		
†J M Denning, Worth	923 36	39,983 87	
Total taxes outstanding		$63,847 30	

*In hands of attorney for collection.
†Paid in part since settlement
‡Paid in full since settlement

Financial Exhibit of Centre County, January 1, 1881

ASSETS

Real estate	$ 434 54
Milesburg borough	294 57
Spring township overseers	2,583 00
Benner township overseers	607 46
Harris township overseers	20 00
Phillipsburg	3,504 83
Andrew Gregg	306 18
Potter township	126 47
Worth township	23 58
Liberty township	50 11
College township	393 43
Ferguson township	128 37
Bellefonte	2,572 54
Huston township	1,260 22
I. W Munson	293 24
Notes in A. Hoy's hands for collection	2,241 94
Notes in C M Bower's hands for collection	1,598 87
Notes in Commissioners' hands	2,871 20
Taxes outstanding	63,847 30
Adam Yearick	5,757 50
	$38,314 34

LIABILITIES

John Spangler	$ 482 65
J C Harper	1 55
George Swab	42 50
Jacob Dunkle	476 50
Notes outstanding, bills payable	82,581 34
Amt in C M Bower's hands considered not good	1,150 00
Amount in Commissioners' hands considered not good	2,500 00
	$87,225 54
Balance due county	$ 1,088 81
Commissions to collectors during year	3,152 95
Exonerations during year	1,490 63
Tax assessed in 1880	42,751 34

CENTRE COUNTY, ss:
We, the undersigned Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county from January 1 1880 to January 1, 1881. Witness our hands.
ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB
JACOB DUNKLE,
Commissioners.

Attest: HENRY BECK, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Philip Ertel, late of Gregg township, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises in Haines township, about three miles east of Aaronsburg, Pa., on Saturday, March 12th, 1881, a valuable farm, bounded on the west by lands of John W Stover, Benj. B Stover and others; north by lands of Benj. B Stover, Michael Weaver's estate, Philip Stover and others; east by lands of David Krape and Aaron Dutweiler's estate; and south by lands of Jacob W Stover, containing 113 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance is woodland of fine growing young timber.
The improvements are, a two-story dwelling house, bank barn and other necessary out buildings. A never-failing spring of good water is near the house. An apple orchard of about three acres is on the premises.
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one third of the purchase money on day of sale. The balance of one third on confirmation of sale. One third in one year, with interests, and the balance in two years with interest. The last two payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day.
DAVID ERTEL,
Administrator.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL & PERSONAL PROPERTY.—The subscribers, executors of the estate of Adam Bower, late of Haines township, Centre Co., Pa., deceased, will offer at Public Sale at Aaronsburg, on Saturday March 5th, 1881, the following real and personal property, viz: House and lot, Four Squares of Land, in Aaronsburg, Coal stove, 2 Beds complete, Lot of Bedding, 8 Day Clock, Sett of Chairs, 3 Rocking Chairs, Settee, Breakfast Table, Bureau, Chest, Robe, Lot of Carpet, Mirror, Lot of German Books, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
Sale at the house of John. Bower, Aaronsburg, and will commence at 1 o'clock of said day, when terms will be made known by
D. O. BOWER,
JOHN BOWER,
Executor's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Lenah Delty, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
LUTHER B. STOVER,
Administrator.
Haines township, 6t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of George W. Royer, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
POLLY ROYER,
Miles township,
MICHAEL S. FIEDLE
Haines township,
Aministrato
5-6t

SETTLEMENT NOTICE.—All persons having accounts with said decedent are requested to call at his late residence for settlement, on Saturday the 12th of Feb'ry inst., or on Saturday the 19th inst.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Calvin H. Wise, late of Haines township, decease.., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
DANIEL SMITH,
Administrator.
Hartleton, Union Co, Pa.,
Jan. 20th, 1881. 6t.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers hereby give notice that they have dissolved partnership in the grain business at Coburn Station, the dissolution taking effect from and after Jan. 1st, 1881.
G. W. STOVER,
3t P. H. STOVER.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber about two miles east of Rebersburg, on or about the last of Sept. 1880, a red heifer, white along the belly, white spots at head and a cut in right ear. No other marks. The owner is requested to pay expenses and take the same away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.
Dec. 9th, 2m. WM. KREAMER.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M	7 P. M.
Montandon	7.00	9.45	2.20	6.45
Lewisburg	ar 7.15	10.00	2.55	7.00
Lewisburg	lv 7.25			
Fair Ground	7.30	10.06	2.40	
Biehl	7.41	10.21	2.51	
Vicksburg	7.47	10.30	2.57	
Mifflinburg	8.05	10.51	3.15	
Millmont	8.25	11.20	3.35	
Laurelton	8.35	ar 11.35	3.46	
Wicker Run	9.00		4.11	
Cherry Run	9.17		4.30	
Fowler	9.37		4.50	
Coburn	9.48		5.02	
Spring Mills	10.15		ar 5.30	

TRAINS LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.
Montandon	ar 6.50	ar 2.30	ar 1.20	ar 6.30
Lewisburg	6.35	9.15	1.05	6.15
Fair Ground		9.10	1.00	6.10
Biehl		9.01	12.48	6.00
Vicksburg		8.56	12.42	5.55
Mifflinburg		8.48	12.25	5.40
Millmont		8.25	12.02	5.20
Laurelton		8.15	11 50	5.10
Wiker Run		7.48		4.47
Cherry Run		7.31		4.30
Fowler		7.10		4.10
Coburn		6.58		4.00
Spring Mills		6.30		3.30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kane, Corry and Erie, and Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Emporium, also Elmira, Watkins, Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.
Nos. 3 and 4 connect with Pacific Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.
Nos. 5 and 6 connect with Day Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, and Niagara Express west for Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo, Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg via Lock Haven, also Elmira, Watkins and Buffalo, and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.
Nos. 7 and 8 connect with Fast Line west for Williamsport and Lock Haven.
No. 8 also connects with Erie Mail east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov 27th, 1880, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 55	p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	4 25	a. m.
"	" Williamsport	8 40	a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore	9 09	a. m.
"	" Lock Haven	9 40	a.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, FEBR'Y 17, '81.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

WANTED.—A blacksmith at R. B Hartman's foundry.

—The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. Church will meet at York, Pa., March 16th next.

—Just received at the Journal Store, a lot of Eagle Automatic Pencils. Extra leads also on hand.

—Michael S. Fiedler and Mrs. Polly Royer, are the administrators of the estate of Geo. W. Royer, dec'd. See notice.

—The Job work done in the Journal Office will compare well with any work done elsewhere and the prices are remarkably low. Give us a call.

—The Central Penna. Conference of the Evangelical Association will meet at Lock Haven March 3d, 1881. Bishop Thomas Bowman will preside.

—The *Journal* office has every facility to print first class sale bills, and charges moderate prices. Don't you forget it.

NOTICE.

Wishing to close all my book accounts, I have determined to sell for cash or produce only from and after March 1st, 1881.

I will give my customers the full advantage of a strictly

CASH SYSTEM.

SAMUEL GRENINGER.

—In Mifflinburg a man whose name is not given tried to square his tax by striking the collector, a feeble old man of 75 years—by striking him with such force as to break one of the bones of his hand. That is *one* way to settle taxes.

SETTLED.—The number of sleighs manufactured by Mifflinburg men during the current season, after a full canvass of all the returns is at last fixed at 597 plus 26 equal to 623. We are entirely satisfied with the result.

NOTICE.

The LITTLE JOURNAL is a neat little monthly paper for Children from 5 to 12 years of age and only costs postage paid 15 cents per year. Sample copy 2 cents. Address LITTLE JOURNAL, Lewisburg, Pa.

—Among the little items of personal comfort and economy are Ayer's Pills. They are the ready remedy which defeat many disorders, if taken in season, and should be kept in every family.

Nothing Short of Unmistakable Benefits

Conferred upon tens of thousands of sufferers could originate and maintain the reputation which AYER'S SARSAPARILLA enjoys. It is a compound of the best vegetable alteratives, with the Iodines of Potassium and Iron, and is the most effectual of all remedies for scrofulous, mercurial, or blood disorders. Uniformly successful and certain in its remedial effects, it produces rapid and complete cures of Scrofula, Sores, Boils, Tumors, Pimples, Eruptions, Skin Diseases and all disorders rising from impurity of the blood. By its invigorating effects it always relieves and often cures Liver Complaints, Female Weakness and Irregularities, and is a potent renewer of vitality. For purifying the blood it has no equal. It tones up the system, restores and preserves the health, and imparts vigor and energy. For forty years it has been in extensive use, and is to-day the most valuable medicine for the suffering sick, anywhere.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

—That was indeed a hard hit which the *Reporter* gave us last week on the church subscription business. But we are pretty well used to such things and hope to survive it. But the *queerest* thing in that line may yet happen—namely, if the *Reporter* man would for once take a liberal freak and come down with a subscription compared to which that of Reading, would appear contemptible. If he does—and he can so well afford it—we agree to proclaim the fact to the world—not in "short and modest form" as we did the contribution of the Reading namesake, but in real, bombastic, *Reporter* style, as far as we are able to imitate that which is inimitable. Yes, and we will use *two line long primar antique extended type*. That would cap the climax and ought to restore good humor all around. *Fertig.*

A Sadly Afflicted Family.

The saddest instance of the ravages of that terrible disease, diphtheria, was that which occurred in the family of Mrs. Leidy, one square south of this office. On the 22d of January the first child died, and on the 31st the fifth (and the last) was carried off by the fell destroyer—this embraced her entire family. During our thirty year's residence in this place we have not known of so great a fatality in a single family. Physician, mother and neighbors did all they could to stay the hand of the destroyer, but his fiat was imperative. The sympathies of the whole community are enlisted in behalf of this terribly afflicted childless widow.—*Lewisburg Chronicle.*

TRY THE
NEW YORK OBSERVER
THIS YEAR.

Send for Sample Copy—Free.

NEW YORK OBSERVER,
37 Park Row, New York

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
—Millheim Building & Loan Association,—
For the Year ending January 10th, 1881.

President—B. O. DEININGER, Vice President—S. K. FAUST,
Secretary—A. WALTER, Treasurer & Solicitor—J. H. REIFSNYDER.
DIRECTORS—J. W. Snook, H. E. Duck, Frank Krarr, J. O. Deininger, S. D. Musser, H. W. Kreamer.

RECEIPTS.		DISBURSEMENTS.	
Capital last year,	$27,351.12	Capital withdrawn,	$ 1,098.02
Monthly Dues,	4,255.50	Secretary's Salary,	150.00
Interest,	1,553.52	Treasurer & Solicitor's Salary,	50.00
Fines,	290.88	Auctioneer's Salary,	6.00
Premiums Permanent,	25.70	Printing, &c.,	9.89
Premiums Short,	1.88	Janitor,	3.00
		Present Capital,	32,161.69
	$33,478.60		$33,478.60

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans,	$31,000.00	Cash Capital,	$32,161.69
Permanent Expense,	188.89	Due to Treasurer,	60.66
Real Estate,	1,083.46	Unpaid Capital,	635.26
Due by members,	635.26		
	$32,857.61		$32,857.61

Date Jan. 10, 1881.	Series 1,	No. of shares, 158,	Par Value, 72.00.	Gain, 53.28.	Full Value, 125.28
"	2, "	68,	" 60.00	" 41.47	" 101.47
"	3, "	38,	" 48.00	" 29.13	" 77.13
"	4, "	20,	" 36.00	" 17.29	" 53.29
"	5, "	28,	" 24.00	" 9.14	" 33.14
"	6, "	24,	" 12.00	" 4.16	" 16.16

Sad and Fatal Accident.

On Friday last our community was startled by the shocking news that Mr. Samuel Smith, residing on Mr. David Krape's farm near Centre Hall, had met his sudden death by one of the most singular accidents that perhaps ever happened. The particulars of the case as related to us are as follows: Mr. Smith had a cow with a sore eye, and it is supposed that he was in the act of applying some curative to the eye while the cow was tied in the stable, and that the cow violently threw her head back, and hit Mr. S. on the abdomen, knocking away his breath, and that in falling he got under the next cow. In this position he was found by Mrs. Smith, the cow standing with her fore feet on his breast, and he dead. This is the most apparent theory but just how it all was can never be known to a certainty.

Mrs. S. ran to the house, but was so horror striken that she could but only utter her husband's name—"Samuel." The hired girl ran out to the barn and extricated Mr. S. from his horrid position. At this time some neighbors had arrived to give assistance and the lifeless form of Samuel Smith, who an hour before had been a strong, healthy man, was carried to the house. Truly —"In the midst of life we are in death!"

On Tuesday the remains were interred in the Reformed cemetery at Aaronsburg, accompanied by a large concourse of grief-striken relatives and friends. Rev. W. E. Fisher delivered a discourse at the residence of decedent, and Rev. Samuel Smith, in the Reformed church at Aaronsburg.

Mr. Smith was a son of the venerable John Smith, Esq., of Laurelton, Union county. He was married about two years ago, to Miss Susan Krape, daughter of Mr. David Krape, of Haines township. He was an industrious, intelligent man, a useful citizen, a kind husband, and a working member of the church. He leaves behind him a good record and many friends to mourn his early and tragic end. May he rest in peace.

"MUSIC HATH CHARMS."—The Musical Instrument Store of C. H. Hassenplug, Lewisburg Pa., will henceforth be carried on by Hassenplug & Thomas. They have on hand a large variety of Pianos, Organs, Organettes, and other musical instruments of all standard makes, which they sell at very low prices. They are gentlemen of high character and integrity and have large experience in the business. Mr. Thomas, who is well and favorably known in these parts, expects to make a thorough canvass of this part of Centre county, selling instruments, and we hope he may meet with abundant success. tf

WOODWARD CHIPS.

The recent cold snap has rendered the streets quite slippery; consequently the *walk* and conversation of some persons is often not exemplary.

The Woodward Hotel property is again to be put under the "hammer" on Thursday the 24th instant. The property is valued at $2000 but I fear, at that figure the "hammer" will never fall. If it does, it will knock the stuffing out of somebody.

Mr. J. C. Motz's mill is filled to repletion with the best wheat Pennsylvania can produce, and Mr. Wm. C. Voneida, than whom there is no better miller, is busy day & night turning out flour that will silence even a shrew. The J. C. Motz brand is a recognized standard wherever known.

In spite of rain and snow a party of our youg bloods attended the German Exhibition at Millheim. Concerning its merits they express themselves in their most gushing style.

SHLEGELFELDER has been discovered at last. He was seen to emerge from a front yard on Sunday morning and hastily wend his way up Maine Avenue, while Lizzie quietly closed the door.

JIM SCHRODER.

A CARD.

To our Friends and Patrons in Centre county.

Owing to a large increase in our business we have concluded to remove to larger and better premises,

April 1st '81.

We are going to the place formerly occupied by Brooke's Confectionery, directly opposite Walls & Co's store, where we will have enlarged facilities to serve our customers.

The Millinery Department will be under the direct supervision of Mrs. B. Harris, who has already engaged the service of several experienced city milliners.

The Notions, Trimmings & Fancy Goods Department will be under the immediate charge of Mr. M. Harris, who will always endeavor to serve the interests of patrons, giving the best goods for the least money possible. Most Respectfully Yours,

tf B. HARRIS.

A COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT.—Last week we were shown through the EXCELSIOR DYE WORKS, at Lewisburg, by the obliging proprietor, Wm. A. Davis, Esq. The concern seems to be entirely complete in all its arrangements, and Mr. Davis himself is an expert in the business. He has had many years of experience in this country, England, Germany and Russia. He showed us a number of shawls and gentlemen's suits which had been dyed and pressed, making them appear like new, at a small cost.

We have agreed to act as agent for Mr. Davis in this section and will attend to all work entrusted to us. Read his advertisement in another column and for particulars call at the JOURNAL STORE. tf

News Miscellany.

Four years ago a school boy in Monroe county, Indiana, threw a dead rattlesnake around the neck of a little girl, and it has made her permanently insane. During all this time she has recognized no one, but daily sits with her slate on her lap, marking out the same figures she had been given as a lesson at school on the fatal day, occasionally crying out. "Take the snake away."

Farmers, Don't be Caught.

Two men recently canvassed some portions of Union county with a patent grain drill. They managed by some swindling process to catch several farmers, one in Kelley twp. for over $700. We learn that they are now in Northumberland county playing the same game. Keep on the lookout for swindles of all sorts. Don't invest in anything that agents or canvassers promise to return you from 50 to 100 per cent. in a short time.

There is an orchard in Juniata county containing 15,000 peach trees, 18,000 quince trees and 6,000 Siberian crab trees.

An Iowa clergyman regulates his marriage fees by weight, the rate being four cents a pound for the groom and two cents for the bride.

THE KINTZLER MURDERERS.

They are Refused a New Trial and Sentenced to be Hanged.

MIDDLEBURG, February 8.—The court to-day overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Emanuel Ettinger, Israel Erb and Jonathan Moyer, convicted of the murder of Gretchen Kintzler, an old woman, and pronounced sentence of death on all of them. They had all separate trials, and in each case the evidence as to their guilt was consclusive. Moyer was tried in December last, and the testimony against him was even more conclusive than that elicited at the trials of Ettinger and Erb, additional facts having been obtained as to the horrible murder from a young woman and Detective Lyons, who worked up the case, to whom the defendant had made a confession of his connection with the killing of Kintzler and his wife, who had lived for many years in a quaint old log house and were known to have considerable money. The murder was committed in December, 1877, and soon after several of the suspected parties were tried for the murder of the old man, but the jury discarded the testimony of one of the accomplices, a young girl, and they were acquitted. The case was then placed in the hands of Detective Lyons, of Reading, who has devoted nearly two years to the pursuit of the murderers, who were the second time put on trial for the murder of Kintzler's wife. The court directed the sheriff and Detective Lyons to convey the murderers to jail.

The public debt statement for January shows a decrease of $7,342,167. Since June 30, 1880, the debt has decreased $50,372,727.

Three children of a colored minister in Sumter county, South Carolina, were burned to death last Sunday evening, by the explosion of a coal oil lamp, during the absence of their parents from home.

People who live in all kinds of glass houses have flings at the editor, who can do nothing to please them. For instance, if he lets wrongs go unmentioned he is a coward; if he exposes them he is spiteful; if he omits anything he is lazy or careless; if he calls things by their proper names he is not nice, not fit for his position; if he speaks of things precisely as they are he is mean; if he covers them with varnish he has been bribed; if he gets off jokes, he is a clown; if he does not he is a numskull; if he indulges in personalities he is a blackguard; if he does not he has no vim. And so on to the end of the chapter—*Ex.*

An old mountaineer visiting Sacramento and unacquainted with street cars dropped a whole dollar into the box and was astonished to learn that he could not get it out. The *Bee* says: "Finally he solved the problem of getting even with the railroad company by notifying the driver that he would use up the money he put in the box in rides. This he did by remaining on the car for twenty trips, and armed with a flask of whisky and a lunch of crackers and cheese, the old fellow had a picnic all to himself."

THE CHRISTIAN GUIDE AND HOME MAGAZINE is on our table. It is a Monthly Magazine, of 32 pages filled with Literary and Religious entertainment for old and young. It has the following departments: Literary; For the Girls; Correspondence; Mystic Circle; for the Little Wee Ones; Humorous and Sunday School. The matter is all well written and selected. Rev. P. W. Raidabaugh, a journalist of experience, is the Editor, and Miss Emma Dengler, Associate Editor. We recommend the Magazine to every family who have a desire to place in the hands of their youth a pure literature. It is published at the extremely low price of 50 Cents per year. Liberal Premiums are offered to Canvassers and subscribers. Sample Copies are sent FREE to all who will send their address to the Publisher.

REV. P. ANSTADT,
YORK, PA.

A NEW TREATMENT.

The Golden Elixir of Life. Wonderful Cures.

If you have Consumption, and would know that your cough can be made loose and easy—Hectic Fever and Night Sweats checked in 24 hours; Inflammation taken out of the lungs and air passages at once; that you can be made to gain 3 to 5 pounds of healthy flesh per week; if you have any Chronic Disease, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Hesdache, Heart Disease, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhoea, loss of sexual power in either sex from any cause; if you have any form of nervous weakness, losing flesh or wasting away, and would know of an immediate relief and certain cure for many of the severest cases in a short time, a new method with new agents to fatten every body, invigorate and make strong and healthy the most hopeless cases, cut this out and write at once for particulars to B. S. DISPENSARY, Berrien Springs, Mich. 1y

MARRIED.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., by Rev. John Tomlinson, Mr. J. E. Swarm, of Pleasant Gap, to Miss Alice Musser, daughter of David J. Musser.

DIED.

On the 8thinst., in Haines township, of pneumonia, Isaac Newton Behm, son of Henry Behm, aged 19 years and 12 days.

"Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints," Psalm, 116; 15.

"The victory now is obtained;
He's gone to his Redeemer to see;
His wishes he fully has gained—
He's now where he panted to be.
Then let us forebear to complain
That he has now gone from our sight;
We soon shall behold him again
With new and redoubled delight!" **

On the 13th inst., in Penn township, Adam Zerby, aged 69 years, 5 months and 25 days.

He was born August 19th 1811, in Gregg township, (then Haines) Centre Co., and spent his lifetime in almost the same vicinity where he was born. He was a man of unquestionable integrity and firm religious principles; was a hard working man when able to work, which was up to within a few years of his death. He was in all respects a quiet, peacable citizen, a kind father and affectionate husband. He was a member of the Evangelical Association for 50 years, having joined in 1831; and ever since that time was a loyal and respected member of the same—always having an open hand for the cause, and a kind and encouraging word for the weak, thereby fulfilling the injunctions of the Bible, which was his rule of life up to the end. "He is not dead, but sleepeth." And while Sunday and Monday were blended, his spirit was called to a better world, where pain and sorrow are unknown. By his death the family loses a kind and affectionate father, the church one of its best members and the community a good neighbor. But their loss is his eternal gain. Peace to his ashes. ***

SALE REGISTER.

Feb. 18th, John Dutweiler, Penn township. Household goods.

Feb. 24th, John S. Homan, Haines township. Live stock, farming implements and household goods.

March 1st, Samuel M. Ulrick, near Penn Hall. Live stock, farming implements and household goods—nearly all new.

March 5th, D. O. & John Bower, Executors, Aaronsburg. Four squares of land, house & lot and household goods.

Feb. 25th. Administrators' sale, estate o George W. Royer, near Rebersburg. Live Stock farm implements and household goods.

March 12th. Farm of Philip Ertle, deceased, Haines township.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No.	95
Wheat No. 2	85
Corn	45
Rye	70
Oats White	32
Oats, Black	30
Buckwheat	50
Flour	5 00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	17 00
Salt, per Brl	1.50
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Timothyseed	1.00
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	4.50
Butter	22
Hams	
Sides	
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	20
Eggs	30
Potatoes	
Lard	5
Tallow	
Soap	
Dried Apples	3
Dried Peaches	10
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.50
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	5.50
Pea "	4.00

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GEPHART & MUSSER
DEALERS IN
Grain
Cloverseed.
Flour &
Feed.
Coal,
Plaster
& Salt
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Highest market price paid for all kinds of
GRAIN
Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT
Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.
A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

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STEAM DYE WORKS
LEWISBURG, PA.,
W. Davis,
Proprietor.

All kinds of Silks, Mixed Cotton and Wool Goods dyed and finished in the best style. Gents' Coats, Vests and Pants dyed or cleansed without ripping.

Ladies' Cloaks, Capes, and Dresses cleansed or dyed to any fancy pattern where the original color is favorable. All kind of Shawls cleansed or dyed and finished in the neatest manner.

My Factory has all the machinery and facilities of a first class establishment of its kind. My experience in the business extends over many years, both in this country and in Europe, and am therefore enabled to do strictly first class work at moderate prices.

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PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
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Calls promptly answered da night

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Lock Box 314, Washington, D. C.

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has just completed a lot of very superior
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which he offers at moderate prices. He warrants them made of first class stock by skillful and experienced mechanics. Give him a call before you buy elsewhere. He will guarantee satisfaction in all respects. 47-3m

HELP Yourselves by making money whereby else always keep from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

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PERFECTLY SELF-REGULATING!
The Cheapest and most Effective power in the world for Pumping water for stock, Irrigating purposes, supplying houses and fountains with pure, fresh water, etc.
All of our Mills are fully warranted, and are equal to any mill in the market in all respects, and superior in very many. With our printed instructions any one can set them up. We are also Manufacturers of the Original and only Genuine
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Wood Pump
with Porcelained Iron Cylinder, Tubing, Aqueduct Pipe from 1¼ to 5 in. bore, Shatswell's Patent Door and Window Screen, the Boss Sickle Grinder, etc.
Sold by the trade generally throughout the country. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

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DOMESTIC
IT STANDS at THE HEAD

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"Domestic" Paper Fashions
1883 LADIES' POLONAISE. 9 Sizes. 30 to 46 Inches. Bust Measure. Price, 35 Cents.
They are especially designed to meet the requirements of those who desire to dress well. They are unsurpassed in Style, perfect in Fit, and so simple that they are readily understood by the most inexperienced. Send 5c. for catalogue. Address,
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Simple, Light and Strong.
No complicated Gearing. One man can do the work of two, and turn out a better job. The winner of First Premium wherever exhibited. Send for Illustrated Circular and Special Discounts to
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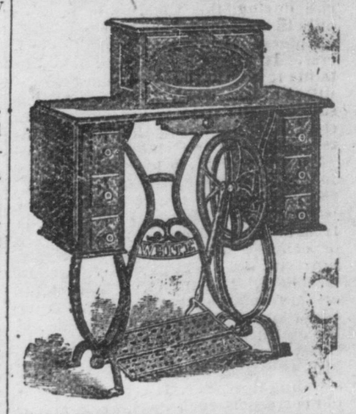

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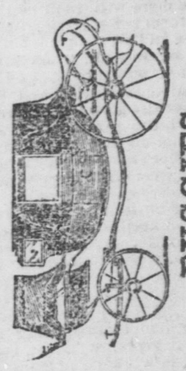

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Every wagon built of first-class stock and by expert mechanics. All work warranted. Repairing promptly attended to. The public patronage is respectfully solicited. 39-1y

UNDERTAKING.
The subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of this neighborhood that they have engaged in the undertaking business. They are prepared to furnish at anytime and would kindly solicit a share of patronage. A Full Line of
COFFINS & CASKETS
always on hand, which we are also ready to furnish to other undertakers at reasonable prices.
SHOP ON PENN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.
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FALL AND WINTER OPENING!!
MRS. ANNA M. WEAVER
has just received her Fall and Winter stock of MILLINERY GOODS consisting of
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DRESS MAKING
In all its Branches a
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OPIUM HABIT Cured by the ONLY TRUE cure, in less time and at less cost than by any other means. No suffering or inconvenience. Treatment shipped to any part of the U. S. or Canadas. Full particulars free. Address.
(Established 1853) B. S. DISPENSARY,
Berrien Springs, Mich

AGRICULTURE.

HEATING MILK FOR WINTER SETTING.—Heating the milk from small dairies in winter is very necessary where the temperature of the milk room is much below sixty degrees, for thin bodies of milk will raise very little cream with the temperature atfifty degrees or below. Heating the milk to 130 or 140 degrees will cause nearly all the cream to rise while the temperature is falling to fifty degrees. Cream rises faster while the temperature of the milk is falling. If heated milk is set six or ten inches deep, in a room at a temperature of forty-five to fifty degrees, it will take several hours for the temperature of the milk to fall ninety degrees, and the cream will principally rise during this time. But heating milk in winter serves other important purposes. Heating is a purifying process. It drives off all bad odors or taints it may have taken from the condition of the fodder or odors of the stable. All dairymen are not aware of the danger of tainting the milk,in winter, from the cows standing in an impure atmosphere, or of eating mouldy fodder, or drinking water from a well that has received the droppings of the barnyard. Heating purifies the milk from all these taints or from a turnip or cabbage flavor. It must be set, however, after heating, in a pure atmosphere. It is found, also, that the cream from heated milk churns much easier in winter. The cream should be churned within twenty-four to thirty-six hours before skimming. Milk is apt to become bitter by long standing in winter. It is supposed that our correspondent keeps his cellar clear of vegetables, as these would so charge the air with vegetable odors as to taint the cream and spoil the butter.

AFTER THE BUTTER COMES.—At the churn comes in our most radical need of reform. How to free our butter from the buttermilk and in doing so keep from working the butter into a grainless, waxy mass? For myself, I am a strict advocate of the brine system of gathering and working the butter. As soon as the cream begins to break add a gallon of strong brine, the colder it is the better, slowly work the dasher until the butter has assumed the appearance of bird-shot, then draw off the buttermilk; cold water should now be turned into the butter and the dasher occasionally worked, but not enough to gather the butter. It is better to change the water once, making the second a weaker brine. Draw this off and take the butter out into the butter worker, roll it very gently and only enough to force the remaining water out. The mass will then be found to be of uniform color, free from specks or streaks, and all the traces of buttermilk will be wanted. Then salt three-fourths of an ounce to the pound, using fine salt invariably, as the sharp crystals cut the globules of butter and break down the grain. It is quite a mistaken notion that salt preserves the butter. There is no chemical union of salt and butter. Salt merely occupies the space between the grains, and if moisture or buttermilk exists, it turns to brine and keeps the buttermilk, but never the butter,and at a certain stage salt or no salt, the buttermilk undergoes a change and the butter (?) becomes rancid. The butter is now set away in the bowl for twenty-four hours, the temperature being kept as low as 57 degrees, when it is again placed in the worker and gently rolled again, a trifle more salt added, and—without ever coming at any stage in contact with the hands—put into the packing.

LICE ON STOCK.—Vermin of some kind very frequently infest domestic animals; they are mostly of the louse type: small parasitic animals that must be removed by the application of some insecticide. A number of substances have been used to a greater or less extent, of which a few are mentioned below: One pound of tobacco and six ounces of borax hotel in two quarts of water,to which soft soap enough is added to make a thick paste, has proved a good vermin salve. A mixture of carbolic acid and soft soap in the proportion of one to four makes a compound easy to apply, and very effectual. Shortly after, the parts to which the soap mixture has been applied should be washed with pure water and a non-drying oil rubbed on. Oil of turpentine and hard oil, equal parts, with a little carbolic acid, is perhaps the most convenient mixture to make, and effectual in its application. Animals that are affected with vermin need better care and higher feeding in order to overcome the drain that those parasytes make upon the system.

COMPOSITING is the art of mixing organic matter, such as straw, muck, dead animals, etc, that must undergo decomposition before they become available as plant food, with inorganic matter that will absorb and retain the valuable gases that the organic matter would otherwise let pass into the air and thus be lost. Such a mixture must be kept moist, but not exposed to rains that would wash away the valuable soluble salts. Stable manure and muck make an excellent basis for a compost heap, with which ashes, leached and fresh lime, weeds (not in seed), waste matters, etc, can be mixed.

GRINDING CEREAL GRAINS.—Grinding renders all our cereal grain more digestible, by reducing the size of the particles to be saturated and digested by the gastric juice. The whole kernels of corn are not always fully penetrated by the gastric juice, and hence many of them pass cattle undigested. When corn is ground it should be mixed with coarse fodder, so as to prevent its adhering in a mass in the stomach, and to insure its remastication and insalivation.

A poultry fancying friend recommends laying in a stock of sods before cold weather comes in, and stacking them up in a corner of the hen house or under other suitable cover, where the hens can have access to them during the winter. After snow comes, the biddies will find a good deal of employment for their leisure time at least, if not more substantial benefit in picking the heap to pieces.

Prof. Schneitzler, assuming that the color of flowers is due to the combination of different chemical elements in their tissues, has shown by experiment that when an alcoholic extract of the color is made it is enough to add to it an acid or alkaline substance to cause it to exhibit any of the colors which plants present. Flowers of the peony, for example, give a violet liquid in alcohol; if salt of sorrel is added to this liquid it will turn a pure red; soda produces, according to the quantity that is added, violet, blue or green.

A mixture of 3 parts salicylic acid and 87 parts silicate of magnesia is said to be not only a remedy for sweating of the feet, but, when rubbed over the whole body, on the authority of Dr. Kohnhom, a cure for night sweating by consumptives.

DOMESTIC.

THE IMPORTANCE OF VEGETABLES.—The vegetable-eater can extract from his food all the principles necessary for the growth and support of the body,as well as for the production of heat and force, provided that he selects vegetables which contain all the essential elements named. But he must for this purpose consume the best cereals—wheat or oats; or the legumes—beans, peas, or lentils; or he must swallow and digest a large weight of vegetable matter of less nutritious value, and, therefore, at least containing one element in large excess in order to obtain all the elements he needs. Thus the Irishman requires for his support ten or eleven pounds of potatoes daily, which contain chiefly starch, of which he consumes a superfluous quantity, very little nitrogen and scarcely any fat; hence he obtains when he can some buttermilk or bacon, or a herring, to supply the deficiency. The Highlander, living mainly on oatmeal, requires a much smaller weight; this grain contains not only the starch but much nitrogen, and a fair amount of fat, although not quite sufficient for this purpose, which is usually supplied by adding milk or a little bacon to his diet. On the other hand, the man lives chiefly or largely on flesh and eggs as well as bread obtains precisely the same principles, but served in a concentrated form, and a weight of about two or three pounds of such food is a full equivalent to the Irishman's ten or eleven pounds of potatoes and extras.

HARD SOAP.—Put in a tub without paint, three pounds of unslacked lime and seven pounds of washing soda; pour on these four gallons of boiling rain-water; stir well and let stand over night; in the morning dip off the water as close as possible, without taking up the sediment; put it in a brass kettle, and add seven pounds of clean rendered grease; let this boil until thick, so that it will not drop from a stick, but string off in fine threads; now add, if you wish it, one ounce oil of cinnamon or sassafras, or any desirable oil for perfume; turn it out into deep earthen dishes, wet with cold water to prevent sticking; next morning turn out of dish, and let it stand four weeks to dry; lay in on several thicknesses of newspaper, in a dry place and turn occasionally; then cut it into desired pieces. Upon the remains in the tub, pour a full pail of water, stir up well, and let settle again; when clear dip off closely as before, and put into bottles or jugs for washing fluid.

MENDING A CARPET.—My dining-room carpet was only a rag carpet to begin with; latterly it had become a ragged one. I was contemplating it ruefully one day, knowing the state of my purse would not allow me to replace it just yet with a new one. I could think of no way to mend it, but by big patches tacked in place. In the midst of my dilemma an experienced old lady entered, who suggested paste instead of tacks. "I have repeatedly put muslin patches over the carpet with paste," said she, "and it is surprising how well it holds." I took the hint. Patches are not, in their nature beautiful, yet a patched garment is decidedly better-looking than a ragged one, and the same is true of a patched carpet, and my patches were so easily applied and proved so adhesive, that I rarely sweep the room without a mental benediction upon the one who suggested it.

DISH WIPING.—I recently saw a new way of wiping dishes that saves half the risk, while the dishes look nicer and brighter. The only outlay required is a half bushel basket. Wash the dishes as usual and put them in a tin pan or pail; pour boiling water over them thoroughly, then set them edgeways in the basket so as to drain. The heat will dry them perfectly, and not a streak or particle of lint is to be seen. Five minutes will leave them perfectly dry. No one who tries it once will be likely to go back to the old way.

SAUCE FOR VENISON STEAK.—Put one cup of stock, a small teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of pepper, and a very little cayenne, two or three cloves, and a few allspice in a saucepan; let all boil up, then stir in a piece of butter half the size of an egg, in which a teaspoonful of flour has been well mixed; one teaspoonful of currant jelly; one wine-glassful of claret. Heat at once more; pour it through a strainer,so as not to remove the whole spice.

MOCK BISQUE SOUP.—Stew a can of tomatoes and strain. Add a pinch of soda to remove acidity. In another sauce pan boil three pints of milk thickened with a tablespoonful of corn starch previously mixed with a little cold milk. Add a lump of butter size of an egg; salt and pepper to taste. Mix with tomatoes; let all come to a boil and serve.

SPICED FRUIT.—To seven pounds of fruit take three pounds of sugar, one pint of vinegar, cloves, mace and cinnamon to suit taste, sprinkle the sugar over the fruit; let it stand over night, then boil juice, vinegar and spice fifteen minutes. Put in the fruit and boil ten minutes.

TO POLISH STEEL.—Rub it with a piece of emery paper from which you have removed some of the roughness by rubbing an old knife with it.

Not in Accord.

"Is the daily newspaper a reflection of popular sentiment, or is it not?" he asked, as he elevated his feet to the top of the hot stove.

"No, shur," thickly replied the man in the corner.

"That's what I say," continued the other. "All the newspapers are agin wine at New Year's calls. Now here are seven of us. We are used to whisky and beer, and the idea of our tramping around all day long and sampling nothing but coffee strikes right to the soul."

"Strize right to 'er soul," repeated the man in the corner.

"We wouldn't object to a change from beer to catawba, or from whisky to champagne, but the idea of changing on to coffee—regular boarding-house beverage—is not only absurd, but positively disgraceful. Who ever heard of a true gentleman getting drunk on coffee?"

"Nobody!" growled the man on the stool.

"Therefore, it is moved, supported and carried, that we drop our subscriptions to the newspapers, refrain from making our customary calls, and get drunk on the usual beverages, and I now declare this meeting adjourned."

The magnet as a means of mitigating pain and curing disease is again seriously submitted to the consideration of specialists.

HUMOROUS.

READER! hast ever asked a man "whence his black eye?" We have, many times since we sprouted. Mayhap we've had 'em. Perchance it matters not. We append some of the answers we received.

"Running after a cat and tripped over the clothes line with my neck."

"Grandfather left it to me in his will."

"Got up in the middle of the night and went down stairs after a drink."

"Told a man he lied."

"Tread on the teeth of a hoe."

"Was splitting wood."

"Cork flew out of a champagne bottle."

"Man ran an umbrella in my eye."

"Baby hit me with a rattle box."

"Tried to kill a mosquito on my nose."

"Didn't have the money to pay for my drinks, and told the bartender to hang it up."

"Tried to get on a car after it was two blocks up street."

"Fell off the East River Bridge Tower."

"Ran a knot hole in it."

"Was looking through the key hole of my wife's bedroom door."

"Cracking a hickory nut."

"Some boys playing shinny in the street and asked me to be umpire."

"Went to kick a dog and my boot came off."

"Fired a bootjack at a cat and lost my grip on it."

THE other night when Bickles went home, he found his wife particularly retrospective. She talked of the past with a tear, and looked to the future with a sigh.

"Oh, by the way," said Bickles, as he sat on the side of the bed pulling off his boots, "I saw a gentleman down town today who would give a $1,000 to see you."

"Who was he? Does he live in Little Rock?"

"I don't know his name."

"I'll warrant that it was Oliver Gregg."

"No."

"Then he must be George Weatherton."

"Guess again, I might know his name i. I were to hear it."

"Oh, I do wish I knew!" said the lady, exhibiting excitement. "Was it Oscar Peoples?"

"Guess again. I remember his name now."

"Harvey Glenkins."

"No; his name is Lucus Wentwing."

"I don't know a man by that name. Why would he give a $1,000 to see me?"

"Because he's blind."

SON to his fond father, who has asked him where he is in his class now: "Oh, pa, I've got a much better place than I had last quarter."

"Indeed? Well, where are you?"

"I'm fourteenth."

"Fourteenth, you little lazy bones! You were eighth last term. Do you call that a better place?"

"Yes, sir, it's nearer the stove."

"ARE you a good rider?" asked a livery man. "I am," replied the customer, and just then the horse snorted stood on its hands, came down and bucked. And the customer went on from his high seat into the haymow, "See how easily I get off."

"ANNIE," said a fond husband to his wife, "What were the current expenses for last month?" "Oh," she answered, "only twenty-eight cents." "Why, how was that?" "Well, you see I only baked twice and therefore used very few currants."

"INTRODUCE me to your intended,' said his friend. "She is not my intended; she is my wife." "Pshaw! You were hugging and kissing her almost in public." "Yes, but we have been married only a month, and I had forgotten that she was my wife."

TOURIST—"I say, boy, what's the name of that hill yonder?" Boy—"Dunno." Tourist—"Dont know? What! I ved here all your life and don't know the name of it?" Boy—"No; the hill was here afore I comed."

"WOULD you like to wash your hands before dinner?" asked the host pointing to the conveniences. "No, certainly not," responded the guest. "Great Scott, man, do you suppose I eat with my fingers?"

A GARRULOUS fop, who by his frivolous remarks annoyed his partner in a ball-room, asked whether she had ever had her ears pierced. "No," was the reply, "but I've often had them bored."

A NEW style of calico, called Limburger, is believed to be just the cheese. A hundred yards for one scent. Rather a hundred scents per yard.

SAMSON'S strength depended upon his hair, but a woman's hair depends upon the strength of her pins.

SUCCESS is full of promise till men get it; and then it is last years's nest from which the bird has flown.

WHEN an Arizona man needs a new pair of boots he looks around to see who he shall kill to secure them.

How does a stove feel when full of coals?—Grateful.

The Hair of Prominent Men.

In this feature N. P. Willis and Horace Greeley were entirely dissimilar. Willis had long and beautiful ringlets, of which he was very proud, while as is well known, Greeley became bald early in life, the base of the head being merely fringed with gold. We may note that many of our best writers and public men were in a similar condition. Washington Irving wore a wig half his lifetime. William Lloyd Garrison was well-known for his smooth pate. Wendell Phillips has only a few scattered silver locks. Ralph Waldo Emerson keeps his head cropped closely. Such, also, was the practice of the late Charles Sumner. It may be urged against long-haired men that not only Willis (who was a rake) was thus adorned, but also that the magnates of the Brooklyn scandal (Beecher and Tilton) are also of the long-haired class. Theodore Parker, on the other hand, was bald, and so was John Quincy Adams. The late Chase was much in the same condition. Speaking of fashion, it may be said that the ancient Greeks wore their hair long, while the Egyptians cut it off, and wore light wigs. In France, at the time short hair was in style, and in the reign of Louis Quatorze, it was worn of prodigious length and was done up in a lofty manner. The hair fashion of this country, at the present, deserves more space than just now can be afforded, notwithstanding the importance of the theme.

THE Centennial Calendar or Simmons' Liver Regulator Almanac, published by J. H. Zeilin & Co., proprietors of Simmons' Liver Regulator, is a most desirable book for any household—containing valuable Tables, useful Receipts and much other information, including the valuable properties of Simmons' Liver Regulator. One of the original features of the publication is a column in German, French, Spanish and Portugese, which will prove interesting when compared with the column in English, and show that Simmons' Liver Regulator is good in all languages.

A Berlin inventor has patented a new kind of cloth,which consits principally or entirely of sponge. The sponges are first thoroughly beaten with a hammer, in order to crush all the mineral and vegetable impurities so that they can be easily washed out. They are then dried and pared, like a potato with a sharp knife, the partings being sewed together. The fabric thus obtained is free from all the danger which sometimes arises from the absorption of poisonous dyes into the system; it absorbs without checking the perspiration, so as to diminish the danger of taking cold; it is a bad conductor, and therefore helps to maintain a uniform surface temperature; it can be more readily cleansed than the ordinary woolen garments; its flexibility diminishes the liability of chafing; the ease with which it can be employed in shoes, stockings, underwear hat linings and other articles of clothing,seems likely to make it especially useful as a protection against rheumatic and pulmonary attacks.

Prejudice Kills.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery under the care of several of the best (and some of the worst) physicians, who gave her disease various names but no relief, and now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had poohed at for two years, before using it. We earnestly hope and pray that no one else will let their sick suffer as we did, on account of prejudice against so good a medicine as Hop Bitters."—The Parents.—*Telegram.*

Some of the French physicians have used to much advantage, it appears, the carbolate of ammonia for malignant pustule or charbon. The article is applied first as a caustic, and then administered internally, a dose of fifteen to thirty grains in twenty-four hours. In one instance, according to L. Nature four butchers were attacked with malignant pustule, derived from infected cattle; two were taken to the hospital, and on being treated with carbolate of ammonia, were entirely cured in a reasonable short space of time, while others, who were treated at home by the ordinary methods, succumbed to the malady.

Great improvements have recently been made in Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, the great natural hair renewer, and now it is absolutely perfect as an exquisite and delightfully perfumed hair dressing and restorer. Everybody is delighted with it. Sold by all druggists.

The prevailing opinion among many that petroleum is of recent discovery, and that its production is confined to this country alone, is a very great mistake. From indisputable records a spring exists in one of the Ionian Islands that has yielded petroleum for more than two thousand years. We read that the wells of Armenia, on the banks of the Zara, were formerly used for lighting the city of Genoa. At Baku, near the Caspian Sea, in Persia, springs of petroleum have been known from the earliest time, and from other instances and data we might give, its use would seem well nigh coeval with civilization.

Speaking of the formation of mountains, Professor Favre, of Geneva, has said that the three systems which account for the origin of mountains do not differ greatly from each other. Those who admit the system of elevations as the principal cause would probably admit the formation of depressions as a secondary cause; while those who give depression the first place would also admit elevation as a secondary factor. Lastly, in the system of lateral crushing there is a general depression of the earth, since there is diminution in the length of the radius of the globe, and yet there result elevations of the ground in the midst of this general depression.

Card collectors please buy seven bars Dobbins' Electric Soap of any grocer and write Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., for seven cards gratis, six colors and gold. Shakespere's "Seven Ages of Man." Ordinary price 25 cents.

The practice at Kindergarten schools of braiding bright colored bands of paper, sewing fine silk upon tracings, and the picking of holes over a tracing on paper, has become so noticeably injurious to the eyesight of children in many instances that the occupation is being abandoned in many schools and employment of other kinds substituted.

A Holtz machine, which can produce a 26-inch spark, has just been made in New York City. The revolving plates are 45 inches in diameter. The Scientific American thinks it probable that this apparatus is the largest electrical machine of the kind ever constructed.

VEGETINE is not a vile, nauseous compound, which simply purges the bowels, but a safe, pleasant remedy which is sure to purify the blood and thereby restore the health.

New Polarizing Prism.

M. Crova commends, for atmospheric purposes, M. Prazmowski's polarizer, which is a Nicol, with faces normal to the axis of a prism, the two halves of which are joined with linseed oil. It requires large pieces of spar, and the joining is long and difficult, but there are several advantages. Thus the layer of oil (unlike Canada balsam) causes hardly any loss of light; its index, 1·485, being nearly equal to the extraordinary index of spar, the polarized field is limited on one side, as in Nicol's, where the total reflection of the ordinary ray commences, by a red band; but the second limit, corresponding to total reflection of the extraordinary ray, is thrown out of the field of vision; the angular value of the polarized field is thus increased. The increase of field, the angular separation of the only colored band, and the direction of the bases, normal to the axis, are qualities to be appreciated in certain cases.

THE popular prejudice against proprietary remedies has long since been conquered by the marvelous success of such a remedy as Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Used everywhere by everybody. Price 25 cents.

Haunted Me.

A workingman says; "Debt, poverty and suffering haunted me for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring, which did no good. I was completely discouraged, until one year ago, by the advice of my pastor, I procured Hop Bitters and commenced their use,and in one month we were all well,and none of us have been sick a day since; and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost."—*Christian Advocate.*

$100,000 Reward

would be a safe offer for a more infallible cure for piles than Anakesis. 500,000 persons bear willing testimony to the beneficence and scientific triumph of the great discovery of Anakesis, Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy. Lotions, electuaries, ointments and quack nostrums have had their day; no longer shall the afflicted like Job cry out! "Wearisome nights are appointed to me, when I lie down I say when shall the night be gone, oh! wherefore is light given to him who is in misery? Anakesis will instantly relieve the pain from piles, will support the painful tumors and ultimately cure the worst cases. Doctors of all schools now use it for there is no substitute for it, nothing so simple, nothing more safe, nothing so prompt and permanent. It is the discovery of a scientific physician after 40 years' experience, and has been used successfully almost without an exception by over half a million of sufferers. It combines in a mere suppository the methods of English, French and American Surgeons and is pronounced to be the nearest to an infallible remedy yet discovered. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent *free* to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co. Box 3946 New York, sole manufacturers of "Anakesis." Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

No More Nitre or Buchu.

After the sufferer from a trouble of the kidneys has been drenched with buchu, nitre and all sorts of diuretics he or she will find a certain cure in Kidney-Wort. The stomach recovers tone, and evacuations become regular.—*Union.*

Vegetine

WILL CURE RHEUMATISM.

RHEUMATISM IS A DISEASE OF THE BLOOD. TO CURE RHEUMATISM IT MUST BE TREATED AS A BLOOD DISEASE.

Rev. WM. T. WORTH

Recommends Vegetine for Rheumatism and Sciatica.

FALL RIVER, MASS., May 13, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: For some years I have been, at times, much troubled with acute attacks of Rheumatism. I especially suffered tortures from Sciatica. By the advice of friends who knew the benefits conferred by Vegetine, I began its use, and since that time I have had no attack like those I previously suffered. For some time past I have had no return of the trouble, except occasionally a faint intimation, which disappeared upon taking a few doses of the Vegetine. I also take pleasure in recording my testimony in favor of its excellent effect in abating an inveterate Salt Rheum, and I count it no small pleasure to have been thus made free. Respectfully,

WM. T. WORTH,
Pastor First M. E. Church.

Vegetine

Has Relieved and Cured Sufferers of Rheumatism by the Thousands.

READ THIS:

If You Have Rheumatism. Take the Medicine that Will Cure You.

BUTLER SWITCH, Jennings Co., Ind., May 19, 1879.

H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: Having in our family received great benefit from the Vegetine manufactured by you, I thought I would give you the facts of the case, hoping it might meet the eye of some suffering one who might thus be relieved. I have a grandchild, about 10 years of age, who, two years ago or over, had a severe attack of Rheumatism, and for two long years was under the care of as good a physician as we have in this country, and yet all this time grew worse, till we gave her up and thought she must die. She was much deformed, and we were told by a doctor that, if she lived, she would always be deformed; but, thanks to Vegetine, she is to-day perfectly well, and as straight as an arrow. Last December we abandoned all hope of the doctor doing anything for her, and commenced using Vegetine, according to your directions. When the first bottle was used up we could not see much improvement, but we continued on the second bottle, and could see some change for good. She took six bottles, and, thank God, a complete cure was effected in every respect.

Yours truly, G. BURGESS.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

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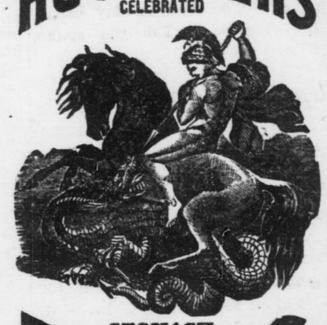
HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



Sleep, Appetite, Strength

Return when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is systematically used by a bilious dyspeptic sufferer. Moreover, since the brain sympathizes closely with the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and the bowels, as their derangement is rectified by the action of the Bitters, mental despondency produced by that derangement disappears.

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Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher bystating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper).

$777 A YEAR expen Outfit Free. Address [illegible]

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PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

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C. S. Hogabon, of Berkshire, says, "One package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

Because it Acts on the LIVER, the BOWELS and the KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and nervous disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

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No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used,so varied and perfect are their operations.

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To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, **without intoxicating.**

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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,

FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASES, SCROFULA OR SYPHILITIC, HEREDITARY OR CONTAGIOUS,

Be It Seated In The Lungs or Stomach, Skin or Bones, Flesh or Nerves,

CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND VITIATING THE FLUIDS.

Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, Tic Doloreux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption,

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Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin Diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

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Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the loins. Sold by Druggists. PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

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One bottle contains more of the active principles of Medicines than any other Preparation Taken in Teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much.

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Looseness Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus or painful discharges from the bowels are stopped in 15 or 20 minutes by taking Radway's Ready Relief. No congestion or inflammation, no weakness or lassitude will follow the use of the R. R. Relief.

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Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains and Frost Bites.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort,

Thirty to sixty drops in a half tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Sprains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels and all internal pains.

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